



Management Response to the Evaluation of the Mozambique Country Strategic Plan (2022–2026)

Executive Board Informal Consultation

23 September 2026



World Food
Programme

SAVING
LIVES
CHANGING
LIVES

Evaluation & Learning: Use of CSPE evidence in CSP design

Management Response to the CSP evaluation of **Mozambique** Country Office

Rec 1. CSP design → Consolidation & focus

Agreed

Key actions

- ✓ Maintain life-saving assistance while strengthening government capacity and coordination systems.
- ✓ Implement a sequenced approach for conflict response linking emergency response, recovery and resilience.
- ✓ Concentrate resilience interventions in recurrently food-insecure areas to maximize impact.

CSP Activity 1 and 2

Rec 2. Capacity strengthening

Agreed

Key actions

- ✓ Prioritize government capacity strengthening in DRM, EWS, AA and SRSP.
- ✓ Support the national school feeding programme through technical assistance, sustainable financing and stronger monitoring systems.
- ✓ Limit direct assistance to emergencies and government requests, while maintaining a systems-strengthening approach.
- ✓ Establish a nationally-led task force to align emergency response and social protection systems.

CSP Activity 1 and 3

Rec 3. Partnerships

Agreed

Key actions

- ✓ Engage in sectoral technical working groups (LOG, NUT and SP) and collaborate with FAO on resilience programming.
- ✓ Map private sector opportunities, including financial, technical, corporate social responsibility, in-kind and innovation partnerships.
- ✓ Collaborate with academic and research institutions to generate evidence and support learning throughout the CSP.
- ✓ Strengthen partnerships with national NGOs and community-based organizations while promoting greater reliance on Government systems.

CSP Activity 1, 2, 3 and cross-cutting

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Rec 4. Efficiency and timeliness

Agreed

Key actions

- ✓ Design a new targeting and prioritization approach for conflict response combining geographic prioritization and stronger community engagement.
- ✓ Establish regular coordination mechanisms to improve planning and expenditure forecasting.
- ✓ Develop a tracking tool of key milestones and bottlenecks for field level agreements management.
- ✓ Review monitoring and decision-making processes to strengthen the use of evidence, community feedback and learning implementation.



CSP Activity 1, 2 and 3

Rec 5. Cross-cutting issues

Agreed

Key actions

- ✓ Expand gender-responsive programming through improved monitoring and inclusion indicators.
- ✓ Improve inclusion of persons with disabilities through better data and accessible approaches.
- ✓ Promote youth employment within resilience and food systems programmes.
- ✓ Strengthen the use of community feedback in programme planning and decision-making.
- ✓ Develop a learning agenda to inform programme improvement and policy dialogue.



CSP cross-cutting priorities

Rec 6. Resource mobilization

Agreed

Key actions

- ✓ Promote multi-year flexible through donor engagement and evidence-based advocacy.
- ✓ Develop a private sector partnership roadmap to identify corporate social responsibility partnership opportunities, innovative financing options, and potential co-financing mechanisms.
- ✓ Strengthen engagement with international financial institutions and explore innovative financing mechanisms to support Government-led priorities.



CSP cross-cutting priorities



Mozambique Country Strategic Plan 2027-2030

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Multiple and repeated shocks drive food insecurity



+1 M

People displaced
since 2017



Shocks

multiple and
more frequent



3.5 M

food insecure
people annually



81%

families under the
poverty line (USD3 a day)



90%

cannot afford
a healthy diet



37%

children under
5 are stunted



66%

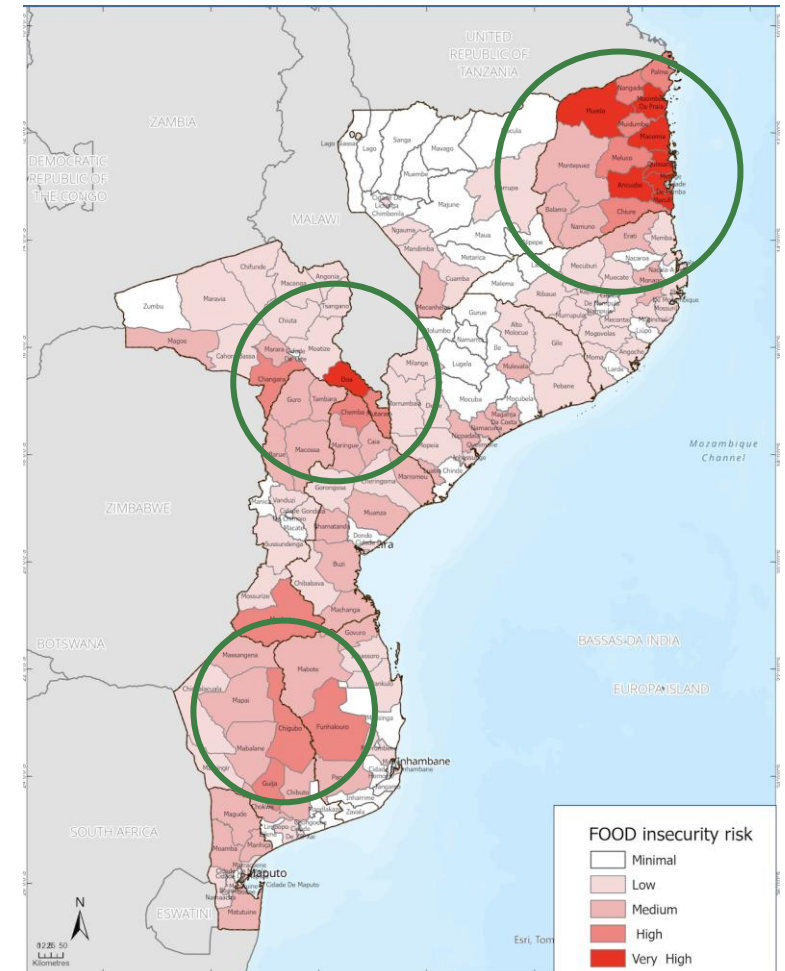
of the population
under 25 yrs



**Disaster Risk
Management**

strengthened
national frameworks

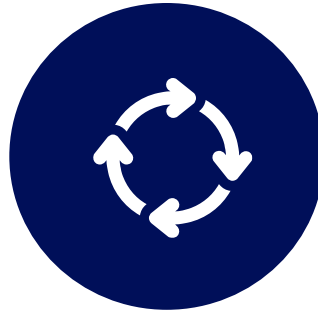
ACUTE FOOD-INSECURITY HOTSPOTS



Three choices concentrate WFP on its comparative advantage



Prioritization



**Integrated
Portfolio**



**System
Strengthening**



Four outcomes work as one connected pathway



SO1: Effective emergency preparedness and response

CSP OUTCOME 1

Crisis-affected populations able to meet food and nutrition needs



SO2: Reduced needs & enhanced resilience to withstand shocks

CSP OUTCOME 2

Vulnerable households and communities strengthen their resilience to shocks



SO3: Enabled government and partner programmes

CSP OUTCOME 3

Strengthened government systems for food security, nutrition and school feeding

CSP OUTCOME 4

Humanitarian actors are enabled to delivery coordinated, accountable, and efficient response

Strategic Shifts

National shock management systems, sharper targeting, stronger nutrition

Recurrantly acute food insecure areas, scalable national approaches, stronger partnerships

Better evidence, stronger coordination, Sustainable school feeding

Align to UN80 and Humanitarian Reset initiatives



Prioritized 4-year investment



USD 555 M – 77% Crisis Response



Assisting 2.3 M people

Thank you!

