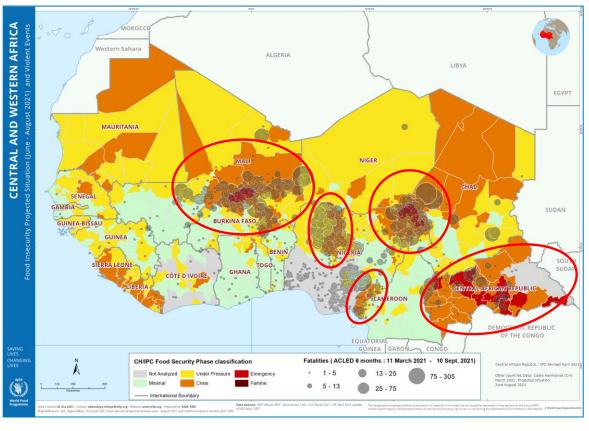




SAVING LIVES CHANGING LIVES

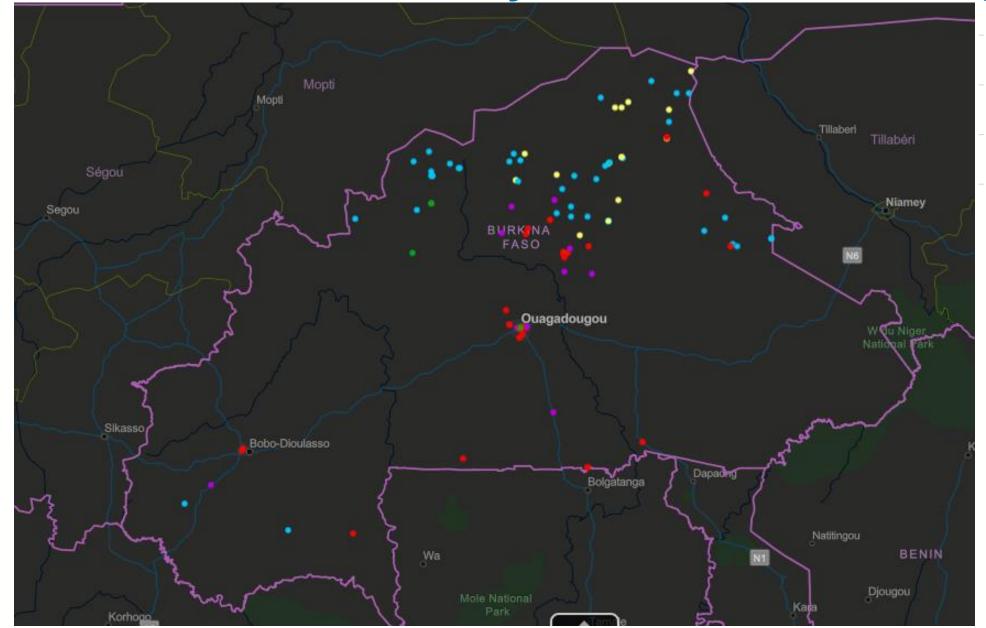
### Indicators are pointing in the wrong direction

## Insecurity hotspots (conflict events - March-Sept. 2021) and food insecurity projections



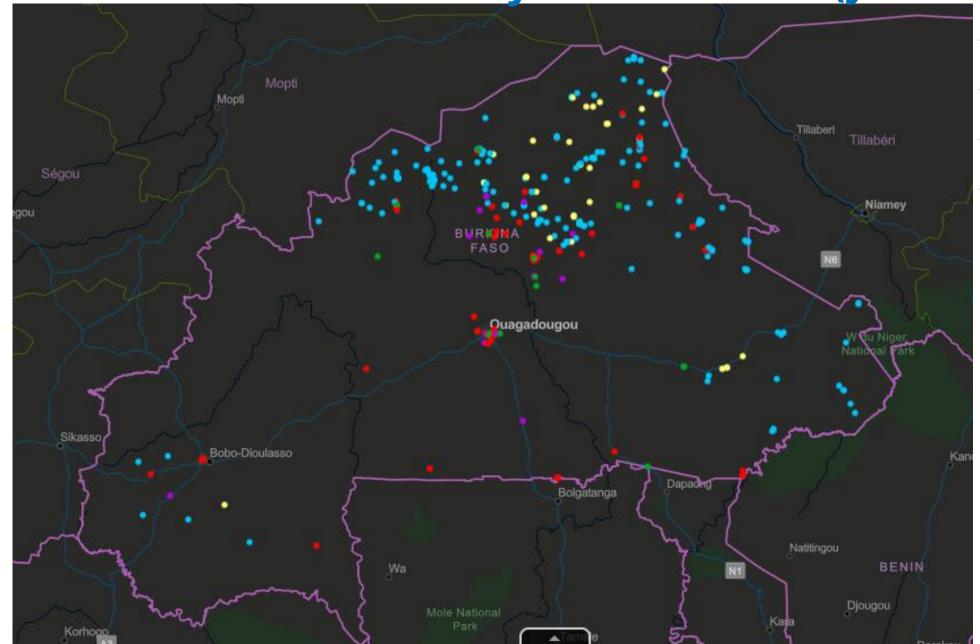
- Food and nutrition insecurity Highest numbers of food insecure people since 2014
- Macro-economic situation
  - Fragile economic recovery
  - Extreme poverty
  - Food prices still high
- Deterioration of the regional security landscape

**Deterioration of security- Burkina Faso (January-March 2021)** 



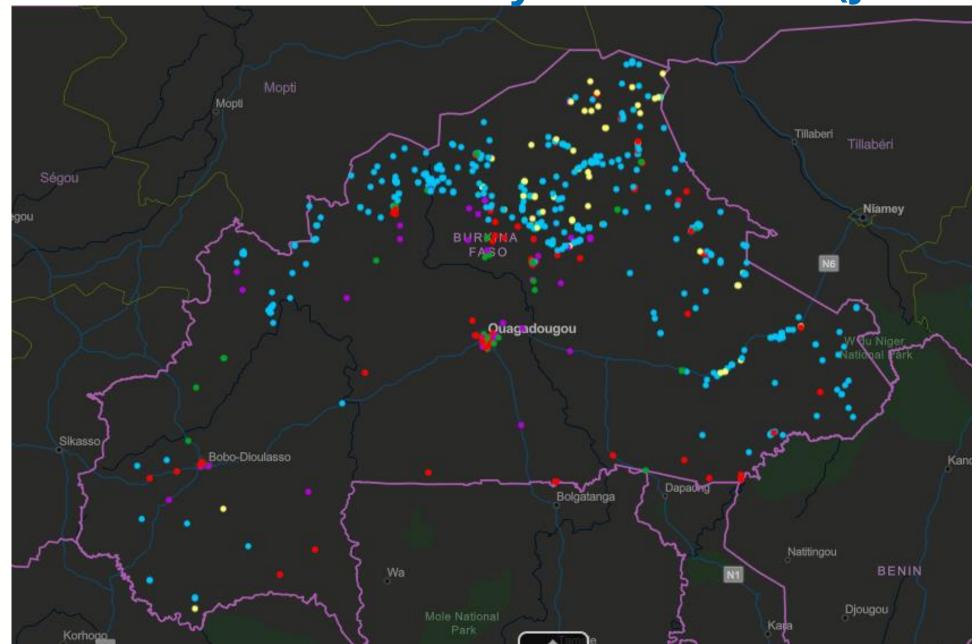
- Armed conflict
- Terrorist attack
- Criminality/Banditry
- Hazard
- Trouble

**Deterioration of security- Burkina Faso (January-June 2021)** 



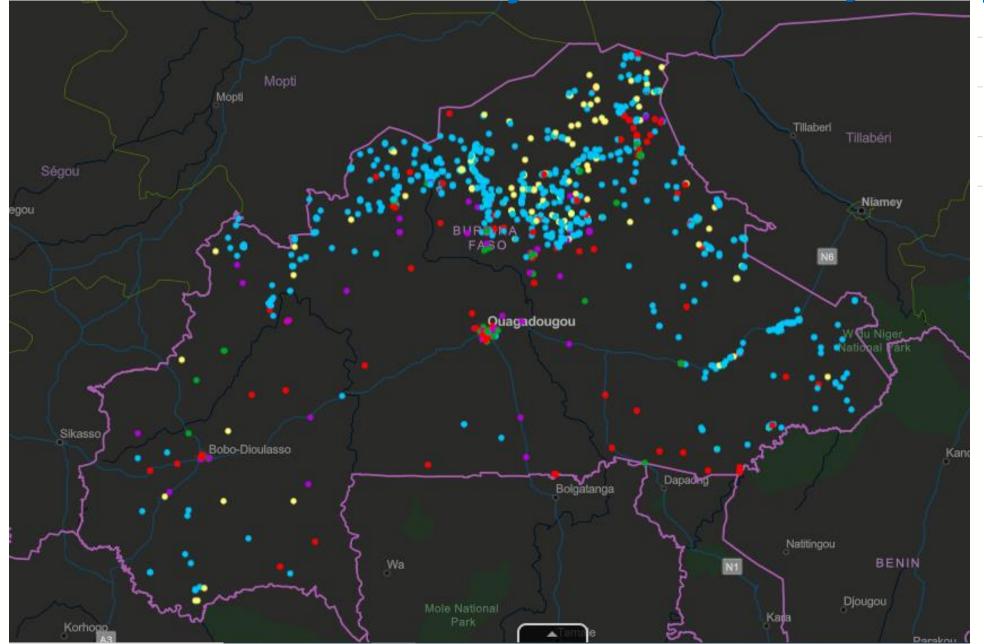
- Armed conflict
- Terrorist attack
- Criminality/Banditry
- Hazard
- Trouble

Deterioration of security- Burkina Faso (January-Sept. 2021)



- Armed conflict
- Terrorist attack
- Criminality/Banditry
- Hazard
- Trouble

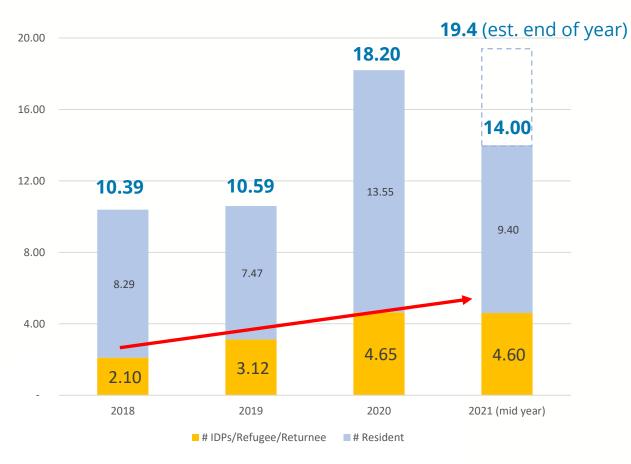
**Deterioration of security- Burkina Faso (January-Nov. 2021)** 



- Armed conflict
- Terrorist attack
- Criminality/Banditry
- Hazard
- Trouble

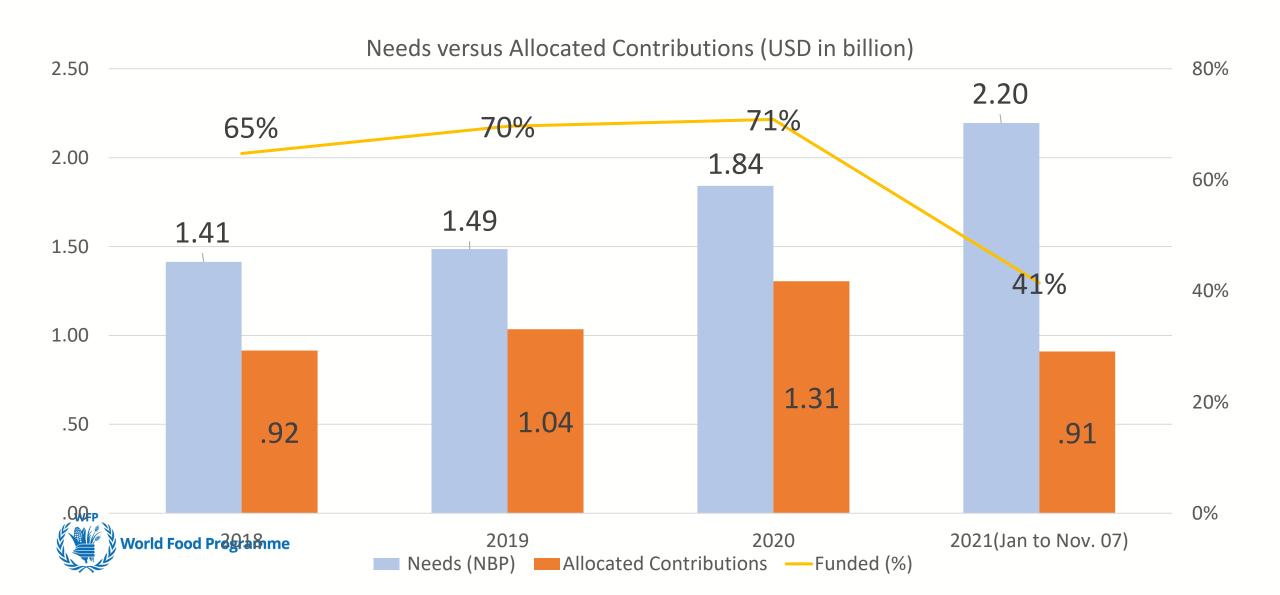
#### Drivers of WFP's assistance are evolving

## 2018-2021: Forced displacement vs. WFP assisted population (million)



- Significant scale up of our assistance over the last 4 years
- Forced displacement has doubled (among assisted population)
  - 2.10 million in 2018
  - 4.65 million in 2020
- Forced displacement is accelerating
  - 1 out of 5 in 2018
  - 1 out of 3 in 2021

#### Overall needs are exceeding contributions by far



### Insufficient funding is impacting beneficiaries negatively

2017-2021: Lean Season Needs, WFP planning figures versus actuals (Niger, Mali, Burkina Faso and Nigeria)



- Food insecurity levels
- Increase in mortality and malnutrition rates
- Negative coping mechanisms
- Protection concerns

# Pathways to transition from chronic emergency assistance to strengthening resilience





- Resilience of households, community and systems
- Complementary instruments
  - Climate risk financing and anticipatory action
  - Resilience building and food-systems integration
  - support to governments in establishing shock-responsive national social protection systems
- Partnerships

#### Strengthening our collaborative approach - some examples

- Rome Based Agencies (SD3C) Joint response programme to COVID-19, Conflicts and Climate change
- GIZ Complementary resilience programming in Niger
- Regional institutions and universities – Collaboration on knowledge products







#### **As of October 18, 2021**

TARGET NUMBER OF BENEFICIARIES

**19.4 MILLION** 













(next six months)

**USD 1.1 BN** 



(as of October 18, 2021)

