

Executive Board Second Regular Session

Rome, 10–13 November 2014

PROJECTS FOR EXECUTIVE BOARD APPROVAL

Agenda item 8

For approval



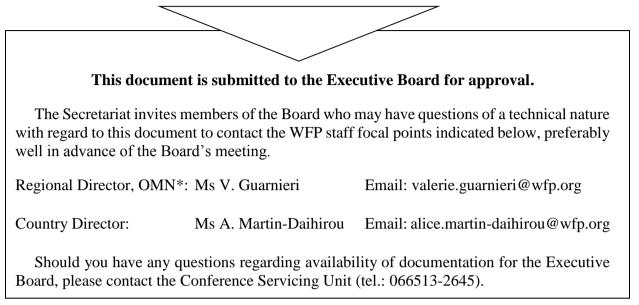
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BUDGET INCREASES TO DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES— UGANDA COUNTRY PROGRAMME 108070

Cost (United States dollars)					
	Current budget	Increase	Revised budget		
Food	40,538,171	9,363,131	49,901,302		
Cash and vouchers	5,641,272	187,200	5,828,472		
Total cost to WFP	222,101,115	25,350,392	247,451,507		

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NOTE TO THE EXECUTIVE BOARD



* Nairobi Regional Bureau (East and Central Africa)



DRAFT DECISION*

The Board approves the proposed budget increase of USD 25.3 million for Uganda country programme 108070 (WFP/EB.2/2014/8-A) with an extension from 15 November 2014 to 31 December 2015.

^{*} This is a draft decision. For the final decision adopted by the Board, please refer to the Decisions and Recommendations document issued at the end of the session.



NATURE OF THE INCREASE

- 1. This revision extends country programme (CP) 108070 by just over 13 months with a view to: i) aligning it with the Government's National Development Plan (2015–2019), the 2016–2020 United Nations Development Assistance Framework and WFP's country strategy (2015–2019); and ii) enabling the country office to utilize the Uganda country portfolio evaluation presented at EB.2/2014 in designing the next CP, which will start in 2016.
- 2. The following changes will be made during the extension period:
 - the number of households participating in productive safety nets in Karamoja will be reduced as the most vulnerable districts are prioritized;
 - the ration for these households will be increased to align its value with that of the cash transfer;
 - the number of planned beneficiaries in the WFP-supported school meals programme will be increased by 5 percent to account for increased enrolment;
 - the number of school meals per day will be reduced in line with anticipated funding and in preparation for community management of the programme;
 - the number of planned beneficiaries of the mother-and-child health and nutrition (MCHN) activity will be increased by 5 percent in line with actual increases in attendance;
 - the ration for MCHN beneficiaries will contain SuperCereal Plus for children aged 6–23 months;
 - the planning targets for the agriculture and market support activity under component 2 will be adjusted, resulting in increased other direct operational costs; and
 - > the early childhood development activity will be discontinued.
- 3. The proposed adjustments to the budget comprise: i) an increase in the costs related to food and cash for productive safety net activities; ii) additional food and associated costs for school meals and MCHN; and iii) additional other direct operational costs for agriculture and market-support activities.
- 4. The revisions for 2015 involve cost increases of: i) USD 9.4 million for food transfers;
 ii) USD 2.8 million for external transport; iii) USD 208,000 for cash and vouchers;
 iv) USD 6.1 million for capacity development; and USD 4.4 million in direct support costs.

JUSTIFICATION

Existing Project Activities

- 5. WFP's work is aligned with the country strategy for 2009–2014, whose three priorities are emergency response, food and nutrition security, and support for agriculture and markets.
- 6. The CP activities are largely the same as in the last budget revision. Minor adjustments are proposed to align the activities more accurately, reduce the scope of some activities and rationalize targets. Changes recommended in the food for assets impact evaluation and the country portfolio evaluation will be implemented during 2014 and early 2015 under the next CP.



CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE RE-ASSESSMENT

Component 1 – Food and Nutrition Security

- 7. In agreement with the Government, WFP will reduce the coverage of its livelihood activities in Karamoja under the Second Northern Uganda Social Action Fund (NUSAF2) to focus on the four most food-insecure districts, where coverage by other actors is low. The number of beneficiaries receiving conditional transfers of food or cash will therefore fall from 462,000 people in 77,000 households to 219,000 people in 36,500 households. The ration for food recipients will be increased from 40 kg per household per six-week work cycle to 50 kg to align it with the value of the cash transfer; this is based on the Government-mandated daily wage of UGX 4,000.¹
- 8. In anticipation of increased enrolment at schools in the school-meals programme, this budget revision plans for a 5 percent increase in beneficiaries to 114,450. In view of possible resource constraints, the programme will shift to a single daily meal at day schools and two meals per day at Government-run boarding schools. The shift also anticipates eventual hand-over to a national home-grown school feeding programme, currently under discussion with the Office of the Prime Minister, the National Planning Authority and a multi-sector task force of development partners led by WFP.
- 9. WFP is assessing micronutrient deficiencies among school-aged children in Karamoja with a view to including micronutrient powders into school meals in a future CP. Lack of funding since 2011/12 means that the early childhood development activity in Karamoja will be discontinued, but MCHN interventions will be prioritized.
- 10. The budget revision anticipates a 5 percent increase in attendance at clinics for ante-natal and post-natal care from 42,000 beneficiaries in 2014 to 44,100 in 2015. The associated rations will also be adjusted to include SuperCereal Plus instead of SuperCereal for children aged 6–23 months and to align the SuperCereal ration for mothers with WFP-recommended levels for preventive care.

Component 2 – Agriculture and Market Support

- 11. The plan of work for 2015 builds on experience in Purchase for Progress and recommendations from a study of the Uganda warehouse receipt system. WFP expects that 25 percent of the farming households supported with infrastructure development, post-harvest handling and market support to be able to run sustainable businesses on their own. Market support will target 2,250 new households 11,250 beneficiaries in 2015, bringing the total to 94,793.² Activities to enhance post-harvest handling and value-added will target 5,000 new households 25,000 beneficiaries in 2015, bringing the total to 132,243.³
- 12. The country office aims to purchase a minimum of 10 percent of food in 2015 from smallholder farmers and small-scale and medium-scale traders; 324,465 beneficiaries are anticipated.⁴

⁴ Reflects 313,215 beneficiaries from 62,643 farming households in 56 farmers' organizations assisted in 2014, and an addition of 11,250 beneficiaries in the 2015 programme of work.



¹ The food equivalence is based on maize prices during the lean season.

² Reflects a reduction of 27,848 beneficiaries expected to graduate from assistance in 2015, and 11,250 to be added.

³ Reflects a reduction 35,748 beneficiaries expected to graduate from assistance in 2015, and 25,000 to be added under the 2015 programme of work.

PURPOSE OF EXTENSION AND BUDGET INCREASE

The purpose of the extension is to align CP 108070 with the National Development Plan 13. (2015-2019), the 2016-2020 United Nations Development Assistance Framework and WFP's country strategy (2015-2019), to make programmatic changes and to update beneficiary numbers in each component.

TABLE 1: BENEFICIARIES BY ACTIVITY										
		Current		Increase/Decrease		Revised				
Activity	Bene- ficiaries	Boys/ men	Girls/ women	Total	Boys/ men	Girls/ women	Total	Boys/ men	Girls/ women	Total
Productive safety nets (NUSAF)	Food-insecure households	198 660	263 340	462 000	(104 490)	(138 510)	(243 000)	94 170	124 830	219 000
MCHN	Children 6–24 months	15	15 504 37 816 2 576 6 284 18 081		081	44 100				
	Pregnant and lactating women	-	22 312		-	3 708		-	26 019	
SMP*	Children 6–18 years	59 950	49 050	109 000	2 998	2 452	5 450	62 948	51 502	114 450
ECD**	Children 3–5 years	21 724	21 551	43 275	(21 724)	(21 551)	(43 275)	-	-	-
AMS***	Market infrastructure	55 695	55 695	111 390	(8 298)	(8 297)	(16 597)	47 397	47 396	94 793
	Post-harvest handling and value addition	71 495	71 495	142 990	(5 374)	(5 373)	(10 747)	66 122	66 121	132 243
	Local purchases	156 608	156 607	313 215	5 626	5 625	11 251	162 233	162 232	324 465
Subtotal		298 798	298 797	567 595	8 047	8 046	16 093	275 751	275 750	551 501
TOTAL				1 219 686			(302 368)			929 051

School meals programme

*** Early childhood and development *** Agriculture and market support



TABLE 2: REVISED DAILY FOOD RATION/TRANSFER BY ACTIVITY (g/person/day)					
	MCHN (infants)	MCHN (women)	SMP	NUSAF	
SuperCereal	-	200	-	-	
SuperCereal Plus	200	-	-	-	
Sugar	-	15	-	-	
Oil	-	20	10	-	
Maize meal	-	-	150	-	
Pulses	-	-	30	-	
Cereals	-	-	-	4 200	
Cash/voucher (USD/person/day)	-	-	-	1.6*	
TOTAL	200	235	190	4 200	
Kcal/day	787	989	729	n.a.	
% kcal from protein	16.6	12.4	10.7	n.a.	
% kcal from fat	23.2	32.8	19.3	n.a.	
Number of feeding days	30 per month	30 per month	190 per year	39 per year	

* USD 1.6 is the cash equivalent of 4,200 g/day of food.

FOOD REQUIREMENTS

TABLE 3: FOOD/CASH AND VOUCHER REQUIREMENTS BY COMPONENT					
		Current	Increase	Revised total	
Component 1	Food (<i>mt</i>)	112 464	15 968	128 432	
Component 3	Cash (USD)	5 641 271	187 200	5 828 471	

RISK ASSESSMENT AND PREPAREDNESS

14. There is no significant change in the risks and mitigation measures.

MONITORING AND EVALUATION

15. There are no significant changes to the monitoring and evaluation systems used to assess performance. A baseline was established in 2013 to inform changes to the livelihood activities under NUSAF2, a benchmarking study is planned for the agriculture and market support component in late 2014, an assessment in Karamoja will inform micronutrient activities in the next CP and the country portfolio evaluation in 2014.



ANNEX I-A

PF			
	Quantity <i>(mt)</i>	Value (USD)	Value (USD)
Food			
Cereals	11 406	5 219 020	
Pulses	869	650 840	
Oil and fats	420	398 840	
Mixed and blended food	3 175	3 048 541	
Others	98	45 889	
Total food	15 968	9 363 131	
External transport 222 804			
Landside transport, storage and handling 2 582 846			
Other direct operational costs			
Food and related costs ¹ 12 936 333			12 936 333
Cash and vouchers			
Related costs			
Cash and vouchers and related cos	207 792		
Capacity development and augment	6 139 100		
Direct operational costs	19 283 225		
Direct support costs ² (see Annex I-B	4 408 730		
Total direct project costs	23 691 955		
Indirect support costs (7.0 percent) ³	1 658 437		
TOTAL WFP COSTS	25 350 392		

³ The indirect support cost rate may be amended by the Board during the project.



¹ This is a notional food basket for budgeting and approval. The contents may vary.

² Indicative figure for information purposes. The direct support cost allotment is reviewed annually.

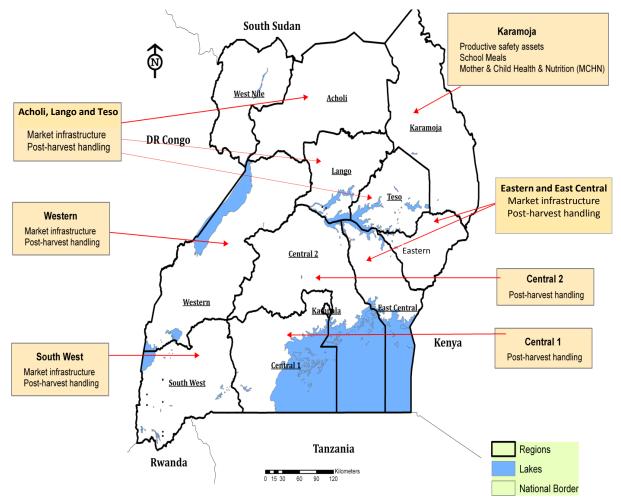
ANNEX I-B

DIRECT SUPPORT REQUIREMENTS (USD)				
Staff and staff-related				
Professional staff	1 813 505			
General service staff	746 950			
Subtotal	2 560 455			
Recurring and other	704 425			
Capital equipment	100 000			
Security	127 750			
Travel and transportation	766 100			
Assessments, evaluations and monitoring ¹	150 000			
TOTAL DIRECT SUPPORT COSTS	4 408 730			

¹ Reflects estimated costs for when these activities are carried out by third parties.



ANNEX II



UGANDA COUNTRY PROGRAMME 108070 ACTIVITIES BY REGION

The designations employed and the presentation of material in this publication do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the World Food Programme (WFP) concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its frontiers or boundaries.



ACRONYMS USED IN THE DOCUMENT

- CP country programme
- MCHN mother-and-child health and nutrition
- NUSAF2 Second Northern Uganda Social Action Fund
- SMP School meals programme

