

# Seminar Session Resource Management Department

Executive Board, 17 January 2017

# **Agenda**

# 1. Introduction

# 2. Planning

- Management Plan
- Advance Financing

# 3. Stewardship & Oversight

- Annual Financial Statements
- External Audit
- Internal Control

# 4. Performance Management

- Enterprise Risk Management
- Corporate Results Framework
- Annual Performance Report & Standard Project Report

# 5. Cash-Based Transfers

- SCOPE
- CBT Financial Management

# 6. Preview of EB.1

7. Key Dates





# The Resource Management team



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Financial Systems & Processes Support



# Guiding principles of governance and management



100% voluntary funding



Principle of Full Cost Recovery



Global uncertainty of markets (currencies and commodity prices)



Contributions can be monetary, in-kind (food commodities), or goods and services



Operational uncertainty, difficult environment



UN and donor regulatory frameworks



New intervention types (e.g. Cash-Based Transfers)



New results chain and financial framework (Integrated Road Map)



# WFP's funding windows

# Un-earmarked/ softly earmarked:

# Most flexible source of funding for WFP

 Allocated and prioritized by Strategic Resource Allocation Committee (SRAC)

10% of un-earmarked/ softly earmarked contributions are for the Immediate Response Account (striped section of the graph), which is a form of softly earmarked contributions (also "revolving").

# **Proportion of funding in 2016\*:**



#### **Earmarked:**

- Directed by donor to a specific WFP activity or project
- Standard Project Reports that are submitted to the Executive Board

4% of earmarked contributions (dotted section of graph) are trust funds, special accounts, and the General Fund. These are used by donors to support bilateral activities, global initiatives, or infrastructural needs.

# Management ensures contributions fulfil the Full Cost Recovery Principle

Full Cost Recovery Principle:

All contributions must cover their full operational and support costs

subsidization of support costs



Principle helps protect against cross-

Ensures sustainability of direct and indirect support costs

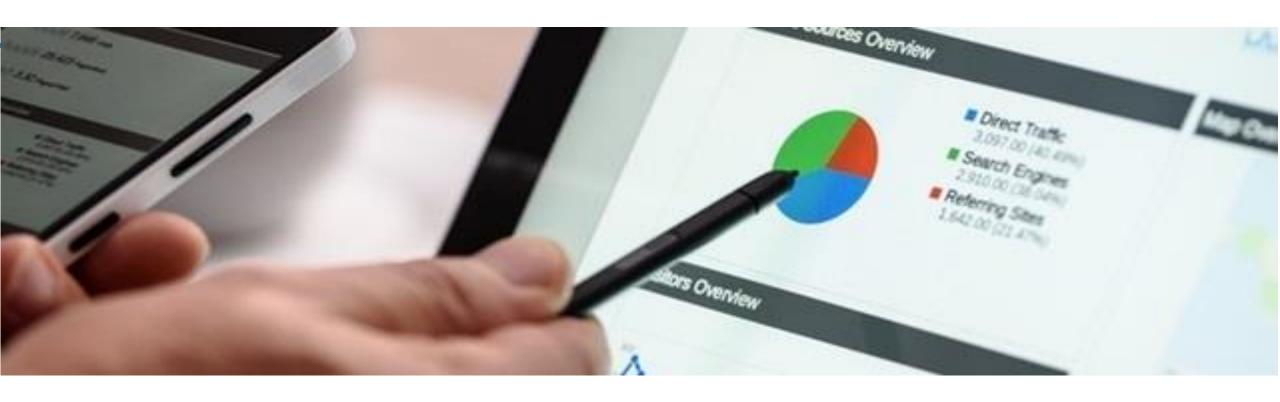
Principle is equitable towards all donors

#### **Exceptions:**

- Commodities/Services from developing countries, countries in transitional economies, and nontraditional donors (subject to further requirements)
- Some un-designated cash contributions

Interpretation of Full Cost Recovery principles to be changed from 2018





# **Management Plan**

# Management Plan (2017-2019) consolidates WFP's financial plans around a 'value-add' Financial Framework

# **Resource Based**

**Tailoring** Prioritized Plan of Work to **funding projections** for each project:

- Prioritized resource allocation decisions
- Recognizing scale and duration of emergency responses
- Reflecting variety of food-assistance tools, and donor funding preferences



# **Performance-Informed**

Budget requests reviewed through an anticipated results lens:

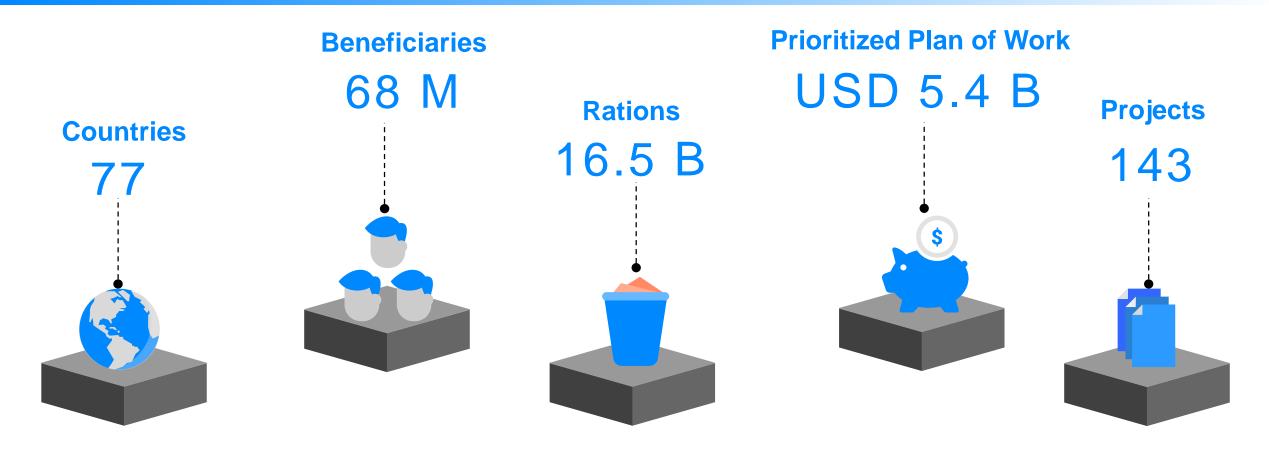
•PSA budget and extra-budgetary allocations clearly reference the Corporate Results Framework (CRF), with performance indicators and expected results.

2017-2019 budgeting process feeds directly into the Annual Performance Report (APR) and future Management Plans (MP)

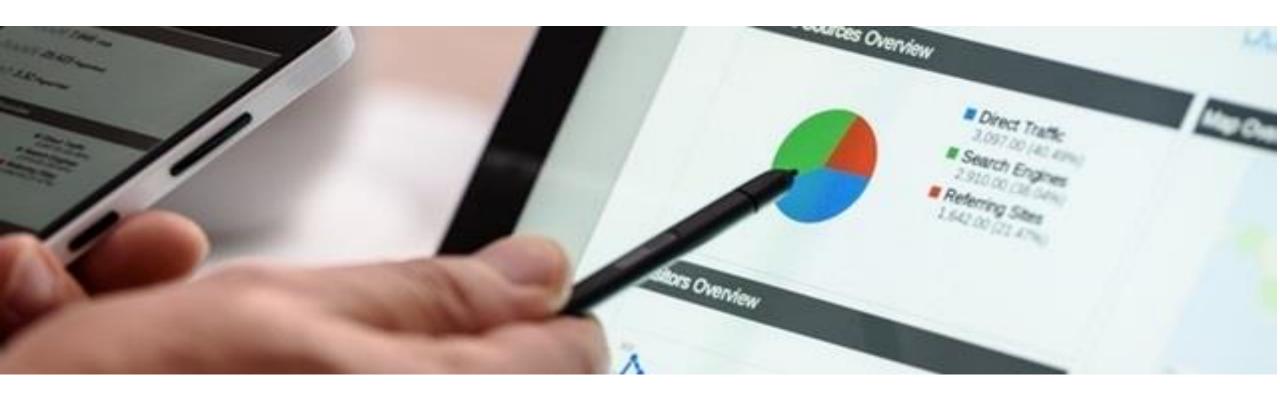
# How we get from Operational Requirements to the Prioritized Plan

**Project Foreseen Project Funding Prioritized Operational Requirements** Plan of Work WFP establishes forecast the Operational Requirements Considering available and forecasted WFP reaches a based on needs USD funding, WFP goes through a prioritization Prioritized Plan 9.0B process looking to maximize Value for Money **Prioritization Process USD** USD **Activity Prioritization** 5.4B 5.4B\* Adjustments of rations, beneficiaries and duration Associated costs prioritization

# **Key figures: 2017 Prioritized Plan of Work**



The Prioritized Plan of Work is prepared within the context of assessed needs, forecasted funding, the scope of the Strategic Plan and organisational capacity

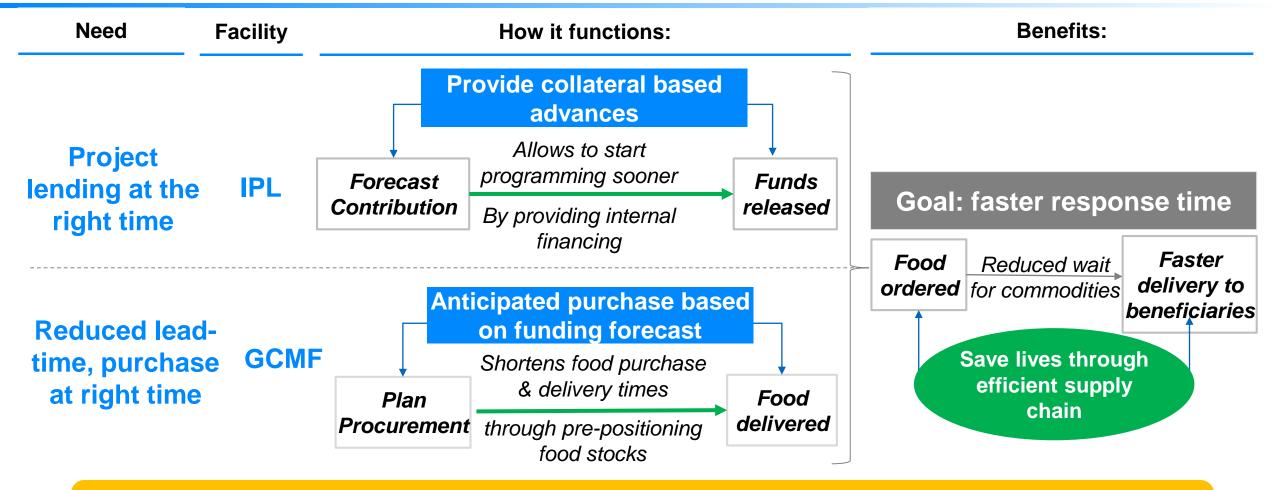


# **Advance Financing**

# Planning: Advance Financing Tools in WFP

	What is the problem?	Solution?	What is the benefit?	What is funded?	How much can be funded?	What is the risk?
	Delay in receiving contributions	Internal Project Lending (IPL)	Project lending at the right time	Forecasted projects	USD 570 million	Forecasts not materializing
	Long supply lead-time	Global Commodity Management Facility (GCMF)	Shortened response time	Food inventory	USD 350 million (revolving)	Forecasts not materializing
	Upfront investment needed	Corporate Services	Right sized corporate investments	Cars, IT systems, etc.	USD 82 million	Loss of assets/ Planned benefits not materializing

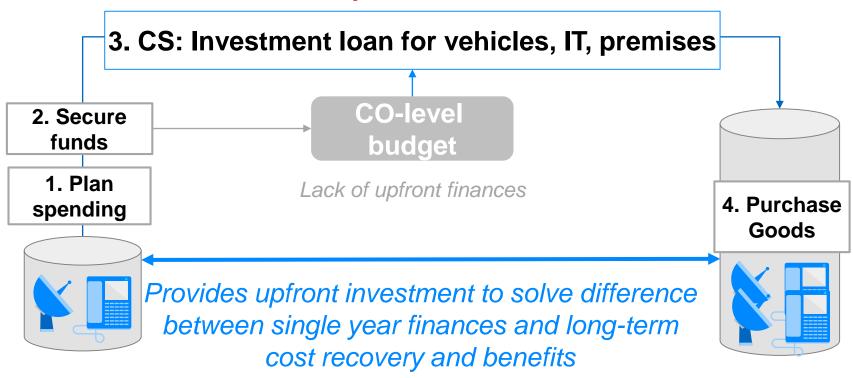
# Two different financing needs within WFP Operations



Timing is key to maximizing the impact of interventions. In the absence of confirmed contributions, WFP can resort to Advance Financing tools.

# Third financing need within Corporate Services (CS) is infrastructure

# Lack of lump sum for investment



Capital Financing allows WFP to invest in infrastructure which provides recoveries and benefits over a number of years





# **Annual Financial Statements**

# Structure of WFP Financial Statements

#### 1. Executive Director's Statement provides overview of:

- Financial and Budget Highlights
- Enhancing Transparency and Accountability
- Enterprise Risk Management and Financial Risk Management

#### 2. Statement on Internal Control

- ❖ The Internal Control Framework and Enterprise Risk Management
- Review of the Effectiveness of Internal Control
- Significant Risk and Internal Control Matters

# 3. Financial Statements I to V provide financial views on WFP's operations. Key statements are:

- Statement I states the financial position of WFP as of 31 December 2016
- Statement II states the financial performance of WFP for 2016
- ❖ Statement V compares WFP's Actual performance against Budget

#### 4. Notes to the Financial Statements

- Disclose WFP's accounting policies (Note 1)
- ❖ Provide explanatory detail to elements of the Financial Statements (Notes 2 12)

### **5. External Audit Opinion and Report**

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENT



# **Statement of Financial Performance (USD millions)**

	2016 Forecast *	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contribution revenue (monetary and in-kind) **	5,789.6	4,985.9	5,409.7	4,400.6	3,829.9
Other (Other Revenue, Currency and Return on Investment)	181.4	103.2	69.3	156.2	167.1
Total Revenue	5,971.0	5,089.1	5,479.0	4,556.8	3,997.0
Expenses	5,136.5	4,816.3	5,214.6	4,514.8	4,395.7
Surplus (Deficit) **	834.5	272.8	264.4	42.0	-398.7

Cash-Based Transfer expense	2016 Forecast *	2015	2014	2013	2012
CBT expense	846.9	679.1	845.6	498.1	191.8
Annual growth	25%	-20%	70%	160%	59%
Total expenses	5,136.5	4,816.3	5,214.6	4,514.8	4,395.7

<sup>\*</sup> Based on preliminary 2016 figures

<sup>\*\*</sup> Contribution Revenue and Surplus (Deficit) figures have been updated to reflect the proposed change in multi-year revenue recognition policy



# **External Audit**

#### **External Audit**

#### **Overview:**

- External Auditor is appointed by the Executive Board
- In 2015, a new External Auditor Cour des Comptes of France was appointed for the July 2016 to June 2022 term

# **Each year, the External Auditor conducts:**





Two Performance Audits on topics in consultation with Management



A review of the implementation status of the External Audit recommendations

Presented at the Annual Board Session in June



# **Internal Control**

# Internal Control: WFP's Internal Control Framework serves as a foundation for all activities required for good management

Based on COSO international best practice

# 1.Control **Environment**

- Ethical values
- Organization structure
- Strategic objectives
- HR policies
- Management style

# 2. Risk **Assessment**



- Identification of threats & opportunities
- Risk assessment
- Risk response

# 3. Control **Activities**



- Management review of actions
- Segregation of roles in WINGS II
- IT systems password policy

# 4. Information & Communication



- Sharing of relevant information
- Information escalation
- Timeliness & quality of information





- Balancing supervision & micro management
- Periodic review of systems
- Reporting deficiencies

The five components of Internal Control are used as framework for all Internal Control improvement tools



# **Overview of Statement on Internal Control**

2016 is the 6<sup>th</sup> year for which a 'Statement on Internal Control' will be produced

Directors were required to submit an "Assurance Statement" on internal control for their Office/Division to form the primary basis of ED Statement

All directors within WFP to submit Assurance Statement for their geographic or functional area of responsibility

Analysis indicates progress in strengthening internal control systems within WFP compared to last year, but there are still areas for improvement





# **Enterprise Risk Management**

# **Risk Management**

Keeps us on track as part of internal controls and performance management



# **Key activities:**

- Assisting WFP offices in preparing risk registers, maintaining the Corporate Risk Register and preparing quarterly Global Risk Reports for Senior Management.
- Custodian of Enterprise Risk Management policy and Risk Appetite statement;
- Working jointly with audit and internal controls team on risk analysis and linking mitigation actions with oversight recommendations.



# **Corporate Results Framework**

# **New Corporate Results Framework**



To demonstrate programme results, the framework details the strategic outcome, output and activity categories, cross-cutting results, and all related indicators. It also outlines an improved approach to Management **Performance** 

# **Key Benefits include:**



Tailored country level planning, permitting a view of global contribution to achieving the SDGs



Strengthened planning, monitoring and reporting processes, linking results and resources



Tell WFP's performance story, set and track priorities



Streamline the use of KPIs for strategic planning, automate collection of data



Provide better tools to Country Offices, and links to Country Portfolio Budgets



# **Annual Performance Report & Standard Project Report**

# **Reporting and Programme Management**

# Improved decision making and accountability to donors and partners

# **Key activities:**



**Standard Project Reports** 

Design/develop Country
Reports and coordinating
Standard Project
Reports



**Annual Performance Report** 

Preparing WFP's Annual
Performance Report showing the overall achievement of the organization along the performance management framework



**COMET/SPRING** 

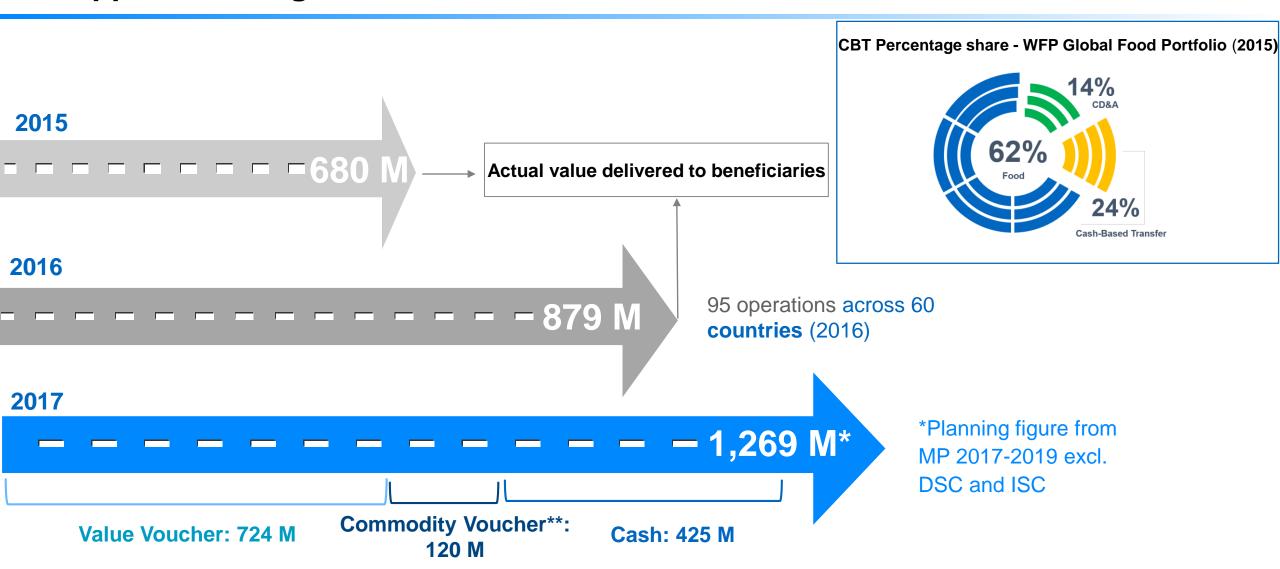
Supporting effective programme management, monitoring and reporting through COMET and SPRING





# **CBT Financial Management**

# **Approved Budgets for Cash Based Transfers**



# Continuously strengthening financial support and services around CBT



WFP has identified 7 Financial Service Providers (FSP), with global coverage:

- FSPs offer a range of CBT solutions (mobile money, pre-paid cards and remittance services)
- Potential to reach over 9.6 M beneficiaries, in 90+ countries
- Will reduce implementation time from 9 months to (ideally) 1-2 weeks

# Including updates to CBT Risk Management tools

# **CBT Manual: Financial Management**



Highlights roles in selecting Financial Service Providers (FSP) and contains a regulatory framework for CBT financial losses



### Marco Financial Assessment (MaFA):

Assesses a country's financial sector and ability to support a CBT intervention



## Micro Financial Assessment (MiFA):

Assesses if a FSP meets CBT requirements including key financial indicators and risk factors

Face-to-face training in 5 regions, with 350+ staff trained through e-Learning

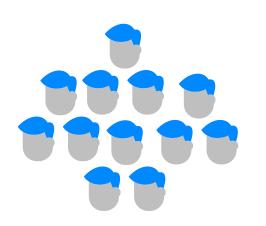
# **Cash-based Transfers Special Accounts (SAVC)**

# **Delivering as One:**

Consistent with the UN effort of 'Delivering as One', HQ CBT Finance developed the Special Account (SACV) & the Multipurpose Card. Now, WFP and the humanitarian community have a single place to manage and distribute funds.







14 partner users including UN agencies, NGOs & governments

The Special Account has a Cash Transfer Value of USD 89.28 M

Reached 425,000 beneficiaries in 2015



# SCOPE

# SCOPE: WFP's Beneficiary & Transfer Management Platform



# **Benefits**

- Highly customizable
- Run and manage multiple interventions simultaneously
- One registration only including biometrics
- Saves time (verification, tracking and operational decision-making)
- End-to-end platform
- Increase the value of the resources
- Enhance compliance
- Reduce risks



# Addendum to the Management Plan: Utilization of WFP's PSA Equalization Account

### ...Recalling that:

Management Plan (2017-2019): "The Secretariat anticipates putting forward a proposal...to implement the various components of the Integrated Road Map (IRM) and other non-recurring investments".

The Addendum to the Management Plan identifies four critical corporate initiatives to be considered for funding allocations:

- ✓ Implementation of the Integrated Road Map
- √ Cost excellence initiatives
- **✓ Evaluation**
- **✓ Preparedness**

These proposed CCIs are consistent with WFP's commitment to "living within our means"

The document outlining the Secretariat's proposals will be available shortly, in advance of the IRM Informal Consultation on January 30th



# **Key RM Dates and Documents for 2017 (tentative)**

#### **Key RM dates:**

17 January	Resource Management Seminar		
27 January	Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (ACABQ) session		
7-8 February	FAO Finance Committee meeting on WFP matters		
20-24 February	First Regular Session of the Executive Board		
20 April	Briefing on the Management Plan (2018-2020)		
TBA May	Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions (ACABQ) session		
17 May	Informal Consultation on Resource Management Items for EB.A/2017		
29-31 May	FAO Finance Committee meeting on WFP matters		
12-16 June	Annual Session of the Executive Board		
17 July	First Informal Consultation on the Management Plan (2018-2020)		
4 September	Second Informal Consultation on the Management Plan (2018-2020)		
TBA October	ACABQ session		
2-3 November	FAO Finance Committee meeting on WFP matters		
13-17 November	WFP Second Regular Session of the Executive Board		

#### **Key RM documents:**

#### First Regular Session (20-24 February)

Addendum to the WFP Management Plan (2017-2019) – Use of the PSA Equalization Account

Report by the Joint Inspection Unit Relevant to the Work of WFP

**Annual Session (12-16 June)** 

**Annual Performance Report** 

Audited Annual Accounts, 2016

WFP Security Report

Report on the Utilization of WFP's Advance Financing

Mechanisms

Report on the Utilization of Contributions and Waivers of Costs

**Second Regular Session (13-17 November)** 

WFP Management Plan



