

Cuba CSP 2026-2030

EB informal consultations

September 2025

SAVING LIVES CHANGING LIVES

Drivers of programmatic changes

DRIVERS OF PROGRAMMATIC CHANGES

Evolving context

- **Economic crisis**: high inflation, emigration and aging population, water and electricity shortages
- Embargo: challenges in importing food and essential items; non-convertible currency and liquidity shortages; no access to international institutions for development funding
- Challenged State capacities: Sharp decrease of national financial resources
- Recurrent extreme natural events: hurricanes, tropical storms, drought, flooding



DRIVERS OF PROGRAMMATIC CHANGES

Key recommendations of the CSP evaluation and lessons learnt

- Continue to support the Government in data collection and analysis
- Continue to support the nutrition-sensitive approach in schools
- Scale up an integrated model to support local food system actors through short supply chains
- Improve supplementary food composition used for malnutrition prevention programmes
- Deepen collaboration with other UN agencies
- Advance equality for girls, boys, women and men, and mainstreaming environmental issues in national policies and programmes

Strategy 2026-2030

PROGRAMMATIC CHANGES

- Supporting the social protection system as a key pathway to improving food security and nutrition
- Developing a targeting and prioritization model
- Developing data collection and analysis systems, as well as interoperability
- Improving the nutritional adequacy of rations
- Integrating anticipatory action, maintaining the strategy of pre-positioning resources, including the improvement of logistical capacities to respond to emergencies
- Expanding the transfers of financial resources to government to enable the delivery of social protection programmes

UNSDCF and National Priorities

Strategic Outcome 1

Populations affected by crises and vulnerable to them meet their food needs before, during and after shocks.

Strategic Outcome 2

Nutritionally vulnerable groups

have improved access to diverse and nutritious diets throughout their life cycle.

Strategic Outcome 3

Food systems actors are increasingly able to meet local food demand and enhance their resilience to climate stressors and shocks.

Activity 1: Assistance to people affected by crises



Activity 2: Strengthening the social protection system

Prevention of malnutrition

Social Protection

Activity 3: Supporting local food systems actors to improve food availability



USD 70 million

Activity 1:
Assistance to people
affected by crises



- **Establishment of pre-positioned strategic reserves**, including food and non-food items, for rapid disaster response.
- Distribution of both in-kind food and complementary items to affected people.
- Anticipatory support with hot meals and food preparation utensils.
- Strengthening institutional and community capacities for crisis preparedness and response, through improved logistics, early warning systems, risk financing mechanisms and multi-risk awareness-raising.

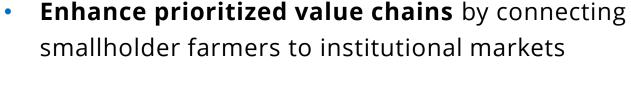
USD 13 million

Activity 2:
Strengthening the social protection system

- **Improvement of the targeting model** by enhancing data systems to assist the most vulnerable groups.
- Prevention of anaemia and other deficiencies with supplements and nutritional education for nutritionally vulnerable groups.
- Support to school feeding and social canteens with more diverse and nutritious locally purchased foods, and institutional capacity strengthening.

USD 18 million

Activity 3:
Supporting local food systems actors to improve food availability



Focus on women and youth

 Improve climate resilience through early warnings, crop protection, sustainable resource management, and disaster insurance.

BUDGET

CSP 2021-2025

CSP 2026-2030

USD 112 million

USD 101 million

1.3 million people in 2024

1.2 million people per year

3 million people in total

4.6 million people in total