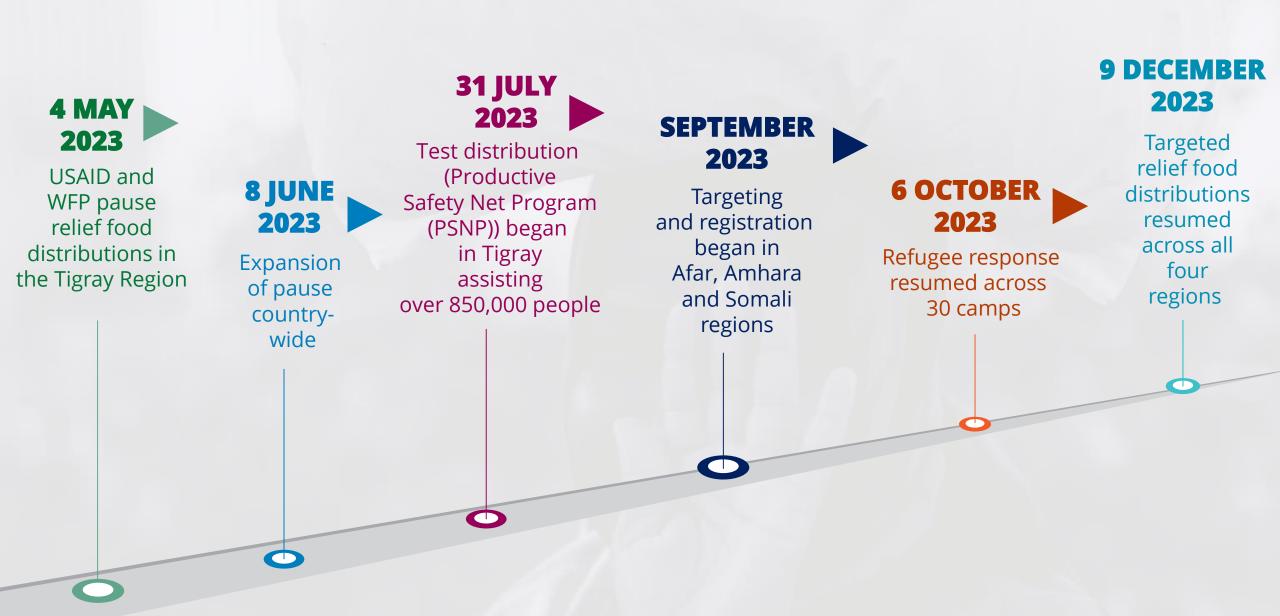




- 1.) Food assistance Pause to Resumption
- 2. December Achievements
- 3. January Plan
- 4.) Targeting and Registration Update & Forward Plan
- 5. Monitoring/CFRM Key Findings
- 6. Stories from the field
- 7 Food Security overview

FOOD ASSISTANCE - PAUSE TO RESUMPTION



DECEMBER ACHIEVEMENTS

TARGETED RELIEF ACROSS FOUR REGIONS



352,000
Beneficiaries
reached
64% of Planned
552,000



5,845 MT of food distributed (Oil, Pulses, Cereal)

SHOCK RESPONSIVE /
PRODUCTIVE SAFETY NET
PROGRAM (PSNP) IN TIGRAY In-Kind DISTRIBUTION



85,000Beneficiaries

Beneficiaries reached of planned **85,300** in two new districts



Note: Since August, **900,000** people assisted

REFUGEE ASSISTANCE



743,500Beneficiaries reached **82%** of Planned **900,000**



8,592 MT of food distributed



USD 464,000 of cash disbursed



29 CAMPS IN 7
REGIONS
Reached

JANUARY PLAN



Estimated total of





3.9 million In 8 Regions

PROJECT FOR FOOD ASSISTANCE	REGION(S)	# OF DISTRICTS	PLANNED CASELOADS (INDIVIDUALS)
RELIEF	AFAR, AMHARA, SOMALI AND TIGRAY	47	1,410,851
FLOOD	SOMALI	8	210,000
PSNP	TIGRAY	17	1,383,755
TOTAL	4	72	3,005,398

PROJECT FOR FOOD ASSISTANCE	REGION(S)	# OF CAMPS	PLANNED CASELOADS (INDIVIDUALS)
REFUGEE	AFAR, AMHARA, BENISHAN GUL-GUMUZ, GAMBELLA, OROMIA, SNNP, SOMALI	30	900,000 (including new arrivals from Sudan)
TOTAL	7	30	900,000

TARGETING & REGISTRATION UPDATE AND FORWARD PLAN

REGISTRATION STATUS					
Region	Completed Woreda	Ongoing/Planned Woreda	# of people registered	Status by Region	
Amhara	8	-	714,710	COMPLETED	
Contested	9		620,244	COMPLETED	
Tigray	22	-	2,010,841	COMPLETED	
Somali*	16	44	1,478,141	BY END OF FEB 2024	
Afar	9	6	539,718	BY END OF FEB 2024	
Total	64	50	5,363,654		

^{*}THE REMAINING 35 WOREDAS IN **SOMALI** WILL BE COVERED DEPENDING ON THE FORTHCOMING FOOD SECURITY ASSESSMENTS **BETWEEN Q2 AND Q4 2024**



Targeting and registration **completed in 64** out of a total **of 72 prioritized woredas** and are in January Plan.

MONITORING / CFRM KEY FINDINGS

WFP increased monitoring frequency and coverage



WFP direct monitoring





Remote monitoring for beneficiaries



Food Quality Satisfaction

Reported timely distribution notifications, adherence to schedule

Satisfaction with the overall process

observed food assistance being sold locally











REFUGEES









CFRM

Tailored key messages disseminated through public address systems, community sessions, text messages, posters and gatherings.



Relief - related concerns feedback recorded on –

- distribution delays (from pause),
- incorrect records,
- o family size reduction, and
- o access challenges.

STORIES FROM THE FIELD



"In the past, the group distributions were very confusing. We often didn't receive our full entitlements. The new distribution process is different, I know what I am entitled to and I can see it in the measuring scale. I know I am taking home what is allocated to me."

Tadel Gebeyehu (28), mother of 4 (3 girls and 1 boy) from Amhara region



"The food distributors were very kind and treated me with respect. I didn't have to wait in the sun for long hours to receive the food. My children will go to sleep with full bellies today."

Robi Hayse, 31, a single mother of six children, with her 8-month-old son Hussien Amin in Afar Region

FOOD SECURITY OVERVIEW

KEY SHOCKS AND DRIVERS







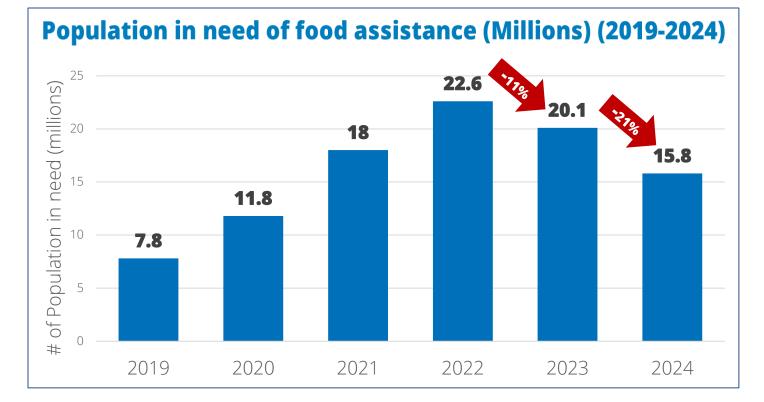
DESERT LOCUST



COVID



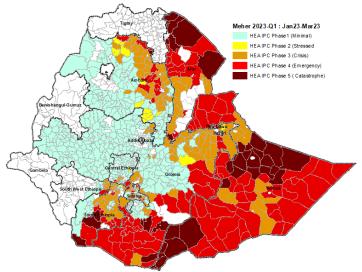
INFLATION



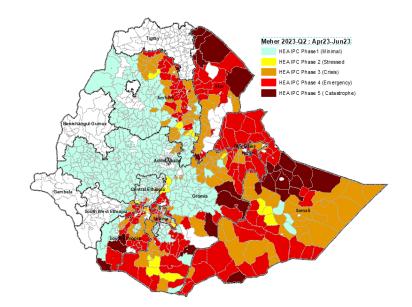
- The 2024 food security situation in Ethiopia is expected to improve slightly compared to 2023, but the population requiring emergency food assistance remains high.
- Areas of great concern include Amhara and Tigray regions.
- The prevalence of under-nutrition in children under five (stunting=39%, Underweight = 22%, Wasting = 11%) and women of childbearing age (underweight=19%) remains high in Ethiopia (March 2023).
- The key drivers to the food insecurity and malnutrition include climate, conflict and economic shocks layering on structural vulnerabilities.

2023 COMPARED TO 2024

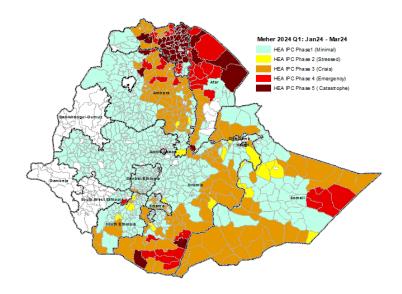
Jan - Mar 2023 HEA-IPC Phase Classification



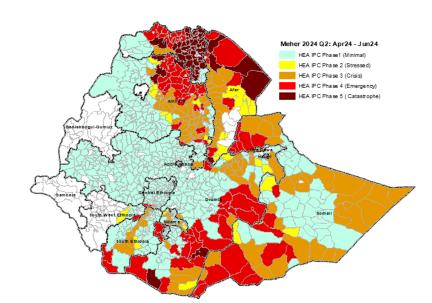
April – Jun 2023 HEA-IPC Phase Classification



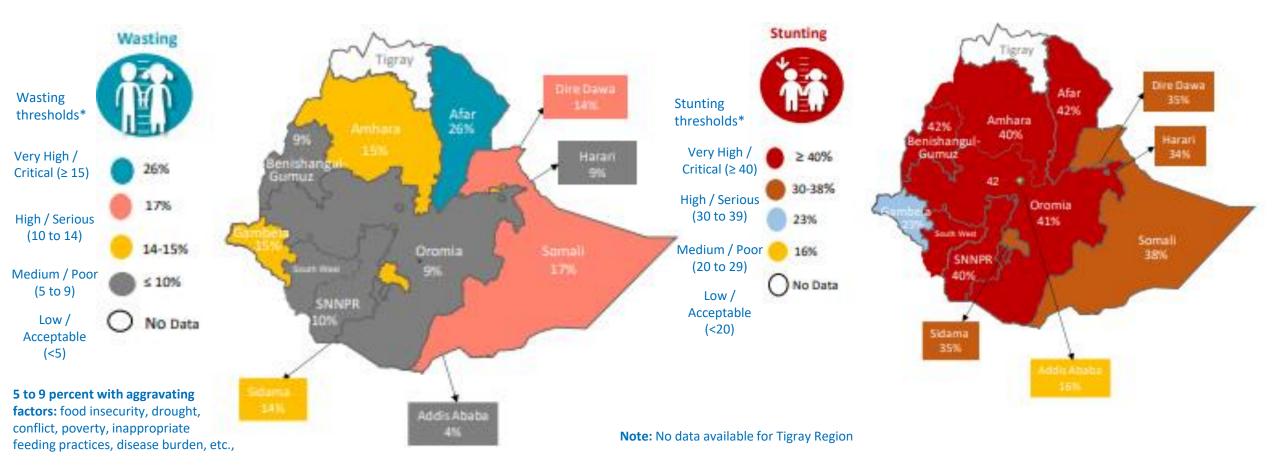
Jan –Mar 2024 HEA-IPC Phase Classification



Apr – Jun 2024 HEA-IPC Phase Classification



REGIONAL NUTRITION SITUATION



- The prevalence of undernutrition differs across the regions in Ethiopia.
- Stunting is highest in Afar (42%), Oromia (41%), Amhara (40%) and SNNP (40%) regions.
- Oromia and Amhara have the highest share in terms of absolute number of stunted children.
- The prevalence of wasting among children under five years ranges from as low as 4% in Addis Ababa to as high as 26% in the Afar region.

* World Health Organization
(WHO) Severity of
malnutrition by prevalence
ranges (%)

