CORPORATE PLANNING AND PERFORMANCE (CPP)

WFP Corporate Results Framework (2022-2025)

Executive Board Second Informal Consultation

25 January 2022



World Food Programme

SAVING LIVES CHANGING LIVES



Agenda

- Introduction Programme results
- Strategic Outcomes / Outputs
- Indicators
- Management results
- Moving forward
- Final Q&A
 - -- Several additional pauses for Q&A throughout presentation --

1. INTRODUCTION



Contents of the CRF

- CRF 2021-2025 Sections

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Features of the CRF
- 3. Programme results
 - Strategic Outcomes / High-level targets
 - Outcome indicators
 - Output-level results and indicators
 - Cross-cutting priorities
- 4. Management results
- 5. WFP programme results matrix

- Annexes

- Annex I Methodological note
- Annex II All mandatory outcome indicators for country-level and corporate reporting
- Annex III WFP activity categories and strategic outcomes
- Annex IV WFP output categories



Strategic Plan Results Framework 2017-2021



Key changes compared to the CRF 2017 - 2021

Introduction of **corporate**

High-Level Targets setting

level of ambition for each SO



Strategic Plan Results Framework 2017-2021



Removed Strategic Objectives, replaced 19 outcome categories with **5 new strategic outcomes**. **Replaced** output categories with corporate outputs. New CRF Structure 2022-2025



Replacement of the current categories of management KPIs with proposed **management results** derived from the strategic plan organizational enablers.

Greater **UN alignment** by selecting/identifying common and complementary indicators (impact, outcome and outputs) and looking at system coherence/alignment.

Revised outcome and output indicators, some amended and some new indicators added.

IMPACT SDGs: long term impact of WFP's work	2 Were Street				
Strategic Outcomes Measures aggregable system, institutional changes at scale and/or behavior, practices and beliefs	1. People are better able to meet their urgent food and nutrition needs	2. People have better nutrition, health & education outcomes	3. People have improved & sustainable livelihoods	4. National programmes & systems are strengthened	5. Humanitarian & development actors are more efficient & effective
			HIGH LEVEL TARGETS		
Outputs WFP's direct contribution based on its comparative advantage	 1.1 Food insecure and crisis- affected populations have access to nutritious food, cash, assets and services to meet their food needs and benefit from emergency preparedness and early action 1.2 Crisis-affected children, PLW- G and other nutritionally vulnerable populations benefit from programmes that prevent and treat malnutrition 1.3 Crisis-affected children and adolescents benefit from programmes that support access to schools, health and nutrition packages 	 2.1 Food insecure populations in non-emergency contexts have increased and sustained access to nutritious food, cash, assets and services to meet their food needs 2.2 Children, PLW-G, and other nutritionally vulnerable populations in non-emergency contexts benefit from programmes that prevent and treat malnutrition 2.3 Children and adolescents in non-emergency contexts benefit from programmes that support access to schools, health and nutrition packages 	 3.1 People and communities have sustainable livelihoods and access to mechanisms to cope better against shocks 3.2 Smallholder farmers and value chain actors have increased capacity to produce and aggregate marketable surplus, reduce postharvest losses and engage in markets 	 4.1 National actors have increased capacity and knowledge to enhance policies and programmes contributing to achieve Zero Hunger 4.2 National emergency preparedness, response, and resilience building systems, including food systems are strengthened with architecture, programmes and knowledge building blocks 4.3 National social protection systems are strengthened with architecture, programmes and knowledge building blocks 	5.1. Governments, humanitarian and development actors utilise on-demand and mandated services to effectively set-up, manage and deliver
Cross sutting		PROTECTION AN	D ACCOUNTABILITY TO AFFECTED POPUI	ATIONS (AAP)	
	*			/ENT	
Maximises programme effectiveness	¢		NUTRITION INTEGRATION ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY		
			CSP Activities		
Management Results Capture 'how' WFP leverages its enablers to ensure effective implementation	1 Effectiveness in M Emergencies	2 People anagement 2 Engage in effective Partnershipe	4 Effective Funding for Zero hunger	5 6 Evidence & Leverage Learning Technology	
	SDGs: long term impact of WFP's work Strategic Outcomes Measures aggregable system, institutional changes at scale and/or behavior, practices and beliefs WFP's direct contribution based on its comparative advantage SCOSS-CUTTING priorities Maximises programme effectiveness Management Results Capture 'how' WFP leverages its enablers to ensure effective	IMPACT SDGs: long term impact of WFP's work Strategic Outcomes Measures aggregable system, institutional changes ascate and or behavior, practices and beliefs Outputs WFP's direct contribution based on its comparative advantage Ners direct contribution based on its comparative advantage 1.2 Crisis-affected children, PLW- G and other nutritions base that support access to schools, health and nutrition 1.3 Crisis-affected children and adolescents benefit from programmes that support access to schools, health and nutrition Management Results Capture how WFP leverages its enablers to ensure effective	IMPACT SDGs: long term impact of WFP's work Strategic Outcomes Measures gargeable system, Institutional changes at scale and beliefs Image: Comparison of the system institutional changes at scale and beliefs Image: Comparison of the system institutional changes at scale and beliefs Image: Comparison of the system institutional changes at scale and beliefs Image: Comparison of the system institution of the system institution of the system institution of the system institution of the system and nutrition show access and services to meet their food and nutritious food, cash, assets and services to meet their food needs and benefit from emergency preparedness and early action 2.1 Food insecure populations in non-emergency contexts have increased and sustained access to nutritionally vulnerable populations in non-emergency contexts baset in context share for more and the system of the system increase at ad sustained access to nutritionally vulnerable populations in non-emergency contexts benefit from programmes that support access to schools, health and nutrition packages Cross-cutting priorities Protectron and addescents benefit from programmes that support access to schools, health and addescents benefit from programmes that support access to schools, health and nutrition packages Cross-cutting priorities Protectron and packages Management Results Q People Management Cross for with gevernes People Effectiveness in concerts	IMPACT Spissions term impact of WPS work Image of WP	IMPACT SDG:: long team Impact of WPPs Variation of the service of th

WFP corporate and country-level performance reporting



2. PROGRAMME RESULTS

• Strategic Outcomes & Outputs Indicators



Strategic Outcomes



	SDG 2			SDG 17		
Strategic Outcomes	People are better able to meet their urgent food and nutrition needs	People have better nutrition, health and education outcomes	People have improved and sustainable livelihoods	National Programmes & Systems are Strengthened	Humanitarian and Development actors are more efficient and effective	
	HIGH LEVEL TARGETS					
Outputs	3 Outputs	3 Outputs	2 Outputs	3 Outputs	1 Output	

Key updates since First Informal Consultation on the CRF

- 5 High-level target lead indicators each with 3-5 supporting indicators attached at outcome or output level results
- **12 corporate Outputs** (previously 37) represent results for which WFP is fully accountable for achieving
- Output indicators reduced from over 300 to 93 reducing repetition and increasing specificity
- All institutional capacity strengthening outcome indicators are placed under SO4

High-level targets



		LEAD INDICATORS			
Number of countries with populations experiencing famine conditions	with populations experiencing famine education services with education services with		Number of countries that have strengthened programmes and systems with WFP support	Number countries benefiting from WFP "mandated" and/or "on- demand" services and solutions	
5 sub-indicators	3 sub-indicators	3 sub-indicators	4 sub-indicators	3 sub-indicators	

Objective & Scope

- Calibrate the global **4-year ambition** for WFP | *Targets for 2025*
- Indicators & targets for WFP's five strategic outcomes
- Provide basis for approach to corporate performance in areas of WFP's span of control
- Offer indication of balance and prioritization across WFP's strategic outcomes



WFP will work to deliver its key humanitarian outputs in terms of ensuring food insecure and crisis affected populations have access to nutritious food, cash, assets and services to meet their food needs and benefit from emergency preparedness and early action



SDG 2

People are better able to meet their urgent food and nutrition needs

Outcomes

Level Targets

High

Number of countries with populations experiencing famine conditions

Baseline: 4 Target: 0

3 Outputs

1.1 Food insecure and **crisis-affected populations** have access to nutritious food, cash, assets and services to meet their food needs and benefit from emergency preparedness and early action

1.2 **Crisis-affected** children, PLW-G and other nutritionally vulnerable populations benefit from programmes that prevent and treat malnutrition

1.3 **Crisis-affected** children and adolescents' benefit from programmes that support access to schools, health and nutrition packages



WFP will leverage its versatility and work with partners to reduce need, including by scaling up efforts to prevent and address malnutrition in all its forms and through bolstering national safety nets and social assistance programmes



SDG 2

People have better nutrition, health and education outcomes

Outcomes

Level Targets

High

Number of children with access to improved health, nutrition, and education services with WFP assistance Baseline: Target: 32.3M 46M

3 Outputs

2.1 Food insecure populations in **non-emergency contexts** have increased and sustained access to nutritious food, cash, assets and services to meet their food needs

2.2 Children, PLW-G, and other nutritionally vulnerable populations in **non-emergency contexts** benefit from programmes that prevent and treat malnutrition

2.3 Children and adolescents in **non-emergency contexts** benefit from programmes that support access to schools, health and nutrition packages



WFP will focus on ensuring sustainable livelihoods and access to mechanisms to cope better against shocks, increasing capacity of smallholder farmers and value chain actors to produce and aggregate marketable surplus, reduce post-harvest losses and engage in markets



SDG 2

People have improved and sustainable livelihoods

Outcomes

Targets

High Level

14M

Number of people having more resilient livelihoods, in the face of risks and shocks. through WFP

Baseline: Target: 22.9M

2 Outputs

3.1 People and communities have **sustainable** livelihoods and access to mechanisms to cope better against shocks

3.2 Smallholder farmers and value chain actors have increased capacity to produce and aggregate marketable surplus, reduce postharvest losses and engage in markets



WFP will partner with governments, the private sector, UN partners and NGOs to support national capacities, systems and programmes sustainably and equitably and build early warning systems and crisis response infrastructure



SDG 17

National Programm es & Systems are Strengthened

Outcomes

Targets

High Level

Number of countries that have strengthened programmes and systems with WFP support Baseline: Target: 49 56

3 Outputs

4.1 National actors **have increased capacity and knowledge** to enhance policies and programmes contributing to achieve Zero Hunger

4.2 National emergency preparedness, response, and resilience building systems, including food systems are strengthened with architecture, programmes and knowledge building blocks

4.3 National social protection systems are strengthened with architecture, programmes and knowledge building blocks



WFP will increase the efficiency & effectiveness of humanitarian & development actors through provision of existing services, delivery of new services and "Successful influencing"



SDG 17

Humanitarian and Development a ctors are more efficient and effective

Outcomes

Level

High

N/A

Number of countries benefiting from WFP "mandated" and/or "on-demand" services and solutions

Baseline: Target: 60

1 Outputs

5.1. Governments, humanitarian and development actors utilise on-demand and **mandated services** to effectively set-up, manage and deliver

2. PROGRAMME RESULTS

Strategic Outcomes & Outputs
Indicators





Overview of CRF Indicators

	WFP RESULTS CHAIN		TYPE OF CRF INDICATOR	CORE	MANDATORY	COUNTRY- SPECIFIC
			Impact Indicators			
e,		ΙΜΡΑϹΤ	SDG 2 & SDG 17 target indicators	\checkmark		
influence			Data from SDG+ data base			
			Outcome Indicators			
ere of			WFP specific indicators	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Sphere	DNG	OUTCOMES	High-level target indicators	\checkmark		
			Common and complementary indicators	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	
Ę,	CU		Data aggregated at country level from national and UN data sets			
ilida	SS		Output Indicators			
accountability	RO		WFP specific indicators	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
& acci	U	OUTPUTS	High-level target indicators	\checkmark		
control			Common and complementary indicators			
of		ACTIVITIES	QCPR indicators	$\overline{\checkmark}$		
phere			Data aggregated from WFP country-level results			
Sp						

Mandatory indicators





For country offices to measure when implementing associated activities. They will be reported in ACRs. 25 of the 41 mandatory indicators will also be aggregated and reported in the APR. Country specific indicators ensure appropriate monitoring of CSPs for all areas of CO Theory of Change not covered by corporate indicators; these indicators will **not be included in the CRF**



Systematic alignment with UN agencies: phased approach to integration



15 new mandatory outcome indicators already piloted

- 1. Livelihood coping strategies for essential needs (LCS-EN)
- 2. Number of complementary school health and nutrition interventions delivered alongside school feeding delivered by WFP
- 3. Percentage of FFA supported assets that demonstrate improved vegetation and soil conditions
- 4. Percentage of FFA under monitoring (visible) maintained by communities
- 5. Climate adaptation benefit score
- 6. Climate resilience capacity score
- 7. Climate services score
- 8. Investment capacity index
- 9. Number of new or adapted policies and legislative instruments contributing to Zero Hunger and other SDGs endorsed with WFP capacity strengthening support
- 10. Number of national policies, strategies, programmes and other system components relating to school health and nutrition/including school feeding enhanced/developed with WFP capacity strengthening support and/or advocacy
- 11. Transition strategy for school health and nutrition/including school feeding developed with WFP support
- 12. Number of people covered (WFP indirect beneficiaries) by national social protection systems or programmes to which WFP provided technical support
- 13. Number of countries benefiting from WFP "mandated" and/or "on-demand" services and solutions
- 14. Share of countries in which governments or partners avail themselves of WFP mandated services out of all countries where the UNCT requests mandated services
- 15. Number of countries in which governments or partners request and benefit from WFP on-demand solutions and services

Selected examples of new indicators to be piloted

	Programme area	Indicator	Location	Timeline
SO2	Nutrition	 Indicator related to dietary diversity for School Age Children Indicator related to Knowledge, Attitude, Practice (KAP) Healthy diet Number of legislative instruments, standards or facilities for fortified staple foods developed and/or capacitated as result of WFP capacity strengthening support 	ТВС	TBC
	School Based Programmes	 Number of complementary school health and nutrition interventions delivered alongside school feeding in the national programme Diet diversity score (for enrolled girls and boys) (to be piloted) 	ТВС	2022
SO3	Smallholder agricultural support	• Average price received by aggregators for commodities sold through a marketing channel promoted by WFP, as a percentage of the average local market price registered in that locality at the same time of sale	Uganda, Mozambique, Sudan, Honduras (TBC)	ТВС
	Resilience and Asset Creation and Livelihoods	 Number of people reached (by WFP, or by Governments or partners with WFP support) through integrated resilience building programmes Resilience Capacity Score (RCS) a) Percentage of households with high RCS b) Percentage of households with medium RCS c) Percentage of households with low RCS 	Zimbabwe, Sri Lanka, Lebanon (TBC), South Sudan (TBC), Zambia (TBC), CXB (TBC), Niger and other RBD COs (TBC)	Q1 2022
SO4	South-South triangular cooperation	 Proportion of people participating in advocacy-activities, training, coaching, or mentoring reporting increased awareness/knowledge in southern solutions contributing to Zero Hunger through WFP-facilitated South-South cooperation 	Ecuador, Congo (Rep.) and Sri Lanka (TBC)	2022
	Country Capacity Strengthening	 Number of coordination meetings led by national convening entity Amount of annual budget allocated to nationally owned FSN programmes 	TBC	TBC
SO5	Service Provision	 Number of partners using Admin Platform to deliver services to beneficiaries Number of external users reporting efficiency & effectiveness through using admin platform 	TBC 22	TBC

Resilience

Resilience

WFP has developed a five-step approach in the **Resilience Toolkit**, which also includes several new corporate indicators in 2022

Indicators to be piloted

- Resilience Capacity Score (RCS) .
- Percentage of people engaged in Income generating activities (IGA) as a result of skills development trainings (FFT)
- Percentage of the population in targeted . communities reporting the application of new acquired knowledge/skills promoted by the programme to strengthen or diversify livelihoods
- Number of countries implementing integrated . resilience building programmes
- Number of people reached (by WFP, or by Governments or partners with WFP support) through integrated resilience building programmes

<u>Outcome 3 – People have improved and sustainable livelihoods</u>

- Percentage of the population in targeted communities reporting benefits from an enhanced livelihood asset base
- Percentage of FFA supported assets that demonstrate improved vegetation and soil conditions
- Most relevant indicators Percentage of FFA under monitoring (visible) maintained by communities
- Climate adaptation benefit score
- Climate resilience capacity score
- Climate services score
- Investment capacity index
- * Additional indicators pertaining to livelihood coping strategies and essential needs are also applicable

Output 3.1	People and communities have sustainable livelihoods and access to mechanisms to cope better against shocks
Output 3.2 Wost relevant indicators	 Number of assets built, restored or maintained by targeted households and communities, by type and unit of measure' Number of people provided with direct access to energy products or services Number of FFA assets under monitoring visible (maintained by communities) through AIMS Number of participants who completed vocational/livelihood skills training activities Total sum insured through risk management interventions Number of people provided with direct access to information on climate and weather risks Percentage of tools developed or reviewed to strengthen national capacities for Forecast-based Anticipatory Action

Activity Category: 1.6 Community and household asset creation

Cross-cutting priorities





3. MANAGEMENT RESULTS



Management Results

Management Results (# of indicators) _

- 1. Effectiveness in Emergencies (5)
- 2. People management (7)
- 3. Engage in effective Partnerships (8)
- 4. Effective funding for Zero Hunger (14)
- 5. Evidence and Learning (11)
- 6. Leverage Technology (6)
- 7. Leverage Innovation (6)

– Measurement & reporting

- 57 total indicators (16 KPIs from CRF 2017-2021)
- Targets stated in methodologies and included in Management Plan
- Progress against annual targets reported in APR
- Measurement done at corporate level by technical units (as well as at RB/CO level, where applicable)



Management results

Key changes from first informal consultation on CRF

- Aligns with the IASC humanitarian system-wide scale-up activation
- Expanded profile as a trusted provider of operational **technology solutions**, innovation and advice
- WFP's programmes, operations and management are enhanced through **innovation**
- Strengthened management result on **Evidence and Learning**
 - New indicators on knowledge management and learning have been included in this revised CRF
- Benchmarked with other UN agencies on approach and indicators



Effectiveness in Emergencies RA-224

Outputs

- Emergency and surge capacity
- Ensure timely (pre-emptive) no regrets emergency response
- Enhanced emergency processes*
- Continuity from CRF 2017-2021
 - Percentage of corporate alert system
 countries having benefited from
 advance financing







– Outputs

- Nimble and flexible people management practices delivered
- Performing and improving workforce promoted and safeguarded
- Diversity of workforce increased
- Caring and supportive work environment is provided

— Continuity from CRF 2017-2021

- Percentage of employees completing both PSEA and SHAP mandatory training
- PACE compliance rate
- Percentage of UNSWAP indicators met or exceeded
- Percentage of women among international professional and national staff
- Percentage of compliance with the WFP security management policy and framework of accountability



Engage in Effective Partnerships



- Outputs

- Enhanced collective action is aimed at the achievement of the SDGs
- Country-level partnerships are aimed at reaching the most vulnerable
- SSTC partnerships expanded to accelerate country-led progress on SDG 2 and SDG 17
- Continuity from CRF 2017-2021
 - Percentage of outputs achieved within

partnerships



Effective Funding for Zero Hunger



Outputs

- Maintain positioning of WFP and a strong funding base for the organization
- Effective and efficient planning and allocation of resources to organizational priorities of strategic importance
- Effective leveraging of WFP's programmatic offerings for development related activities
- Continuity from CRF 2017-2021
- Percentage of contributions received vs WFP
 programme of work
- Percentage of CSP expenditures versus implementation plan
- Percentage of resources available by earmarking level: CSP, strategic outcome and activity level



C Evidence & Learning



- Outputs

- Overall progress in CSP results achievement
- Utilization of audit and evaluation recommendations
- More systematic knowledge-sharing in support of evidence-based decision-making
- Continuity from CRF 2017-2021
- Percentage of outcome indicators achieved or on track
- Percentage of output indicators achieved or on track
- Number of outstanding audit recommendations
- Percentage of implemented evaluation recommendations (disaggregated by evaluation type)





Outputs

- More and better data for strategic and operational decision-making
- Improved technology solutions in support of beneficiary management

— Continuity from CRF 2017-2021

- Percentage of compliance with IT security standards
- Percentage of WFP cash transfers supported digitally





Outputs

- Expanded profile as a trusted provider of operational technology solutions, innovation and advice
- WFP's programmes are enhanced through innovation
- WFP's operations and management are enhanced through innovation



6. MOVING FORWARD



Moving forward







Toward CRF finalization

– Ongoing conversations

- 1. Placement of high-level targets
- 2. Finalizing baseline and target approach
- 3. Final validation of **output reformulation** for a leaner framework with technical units
- 4. Strengthening approach to **cross-cutting priorities**
- 5. Ensuring **dual purpose of CRF** is clearly translated into CSP guidance and annual reporting
- 6. Final **validation of new indicator** piloting plans



THANK YOU