

Estimates of severe food insecurity October 2021

Based on 20,000 remote surveys and over 35,000 telephone interviews

In January 2020 around

3.5 Million

people were estimated to be food insecure

NOW, a year and a half since the spread of COVID-19 in the region, there are approx.

Guatemak

174,000

El Salvador

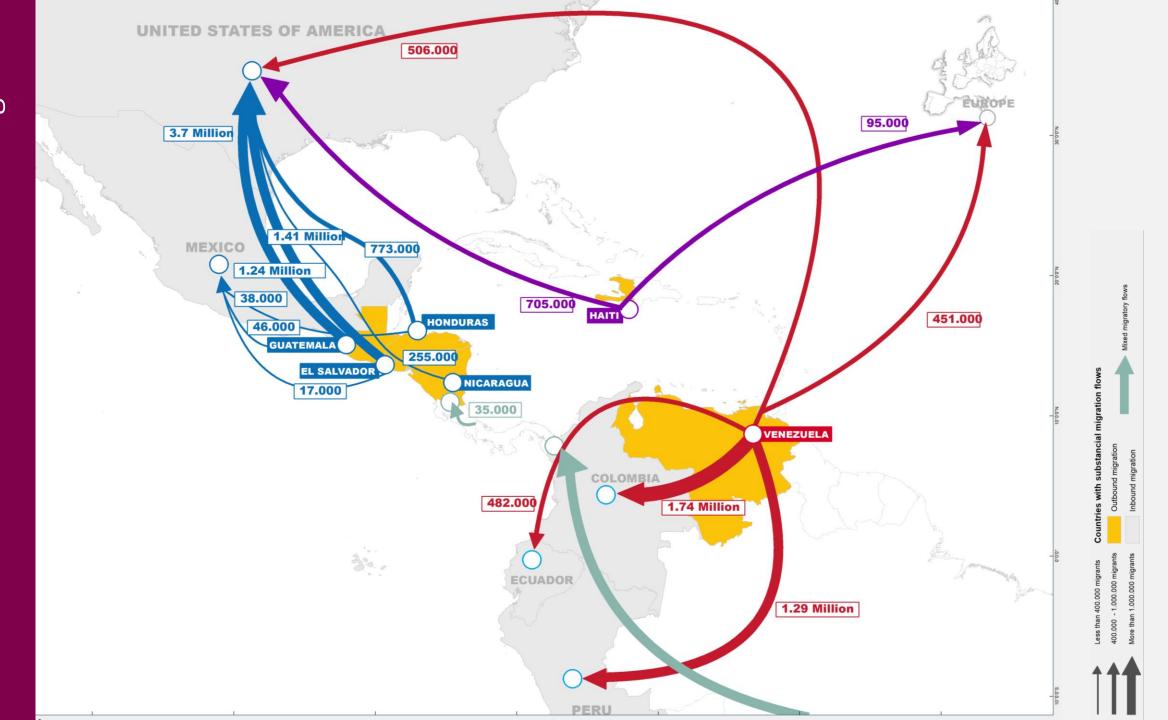
47,000

12.3 Million

food insecure people in the region, which is over four times higher than pre-crisis









4.3 million people are food insecure (IPC 3+4).

WFP has assisted 1.15 million people this year with school meals, emergency assistance (food and cash), and resilience building activities.

374,000 people affected by the earthquake are targeted with food and cash assistance.





WFP on the frontline of Haiti L2 Emergency Response

FOOD SECURITY



2M +

migrants suffering from food insecurity.

450,000

suffering from severe food insecurity.

1 out of 4 migrants

reported their food intake to be once daily or none at all.

What is included in our assistance?



Cash transfers



Commodity vouchers



Value vouchers



Hot meals



School feeding



Food baskets (in kind)



Food kits











WFP works with Indigenous and Afro-Descendant Peoples in the Highlands and Caribbean coast of **Central America**, in Andean and Amazonian communities, and in the Caribbean

Central America migration study



MAIN FINDINGS:

Migrants are mostly men, ages 18 to 34, labour-force. Leaving often vulnerable family members behind.

Migration costs on average almost 2 years of salary.

Still, the poor leave Central America as much as people with high income

75% travelled irregularly

USD 2.2 billions spent annually to migrate **USD 1.7 billio**ns to travel Irregularly with a smuggler.

9 out of 10 migrated to the United

States, only **60%** reached their

destination, **33%** returned/deported back

Funding Needs 2022



