### Development of the 2014-2017 Strategic Results Framework

Informal EB Consultation, 16 April 2013

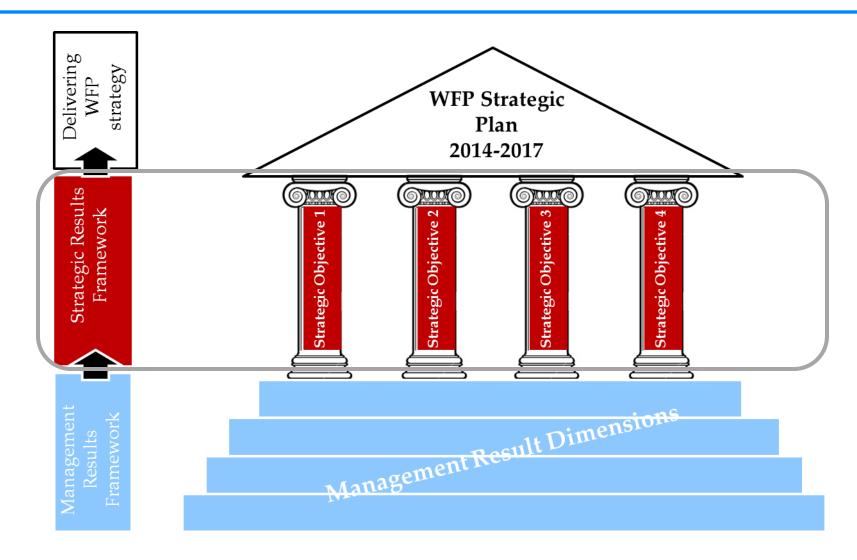


### Strategic Plan marks the beginning of the planning, implementation, monitoring, reporting and learning cycle

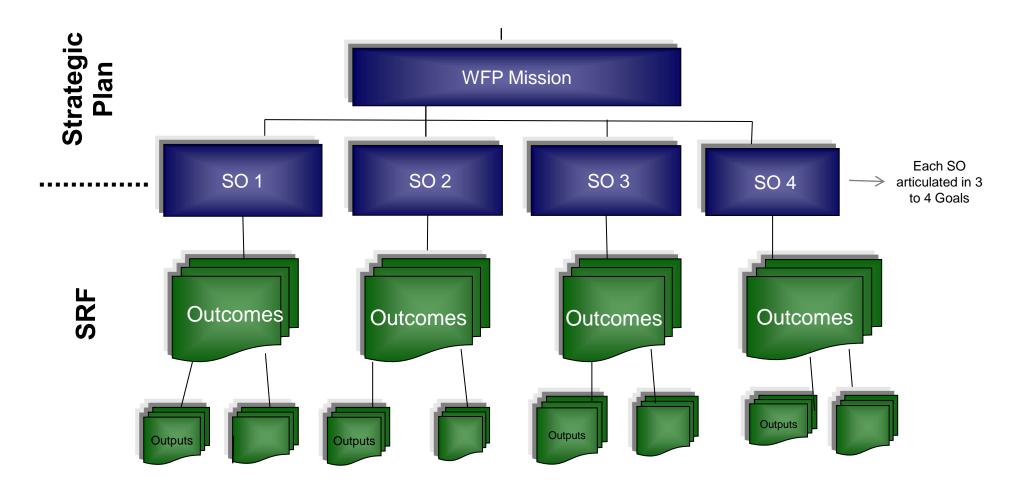




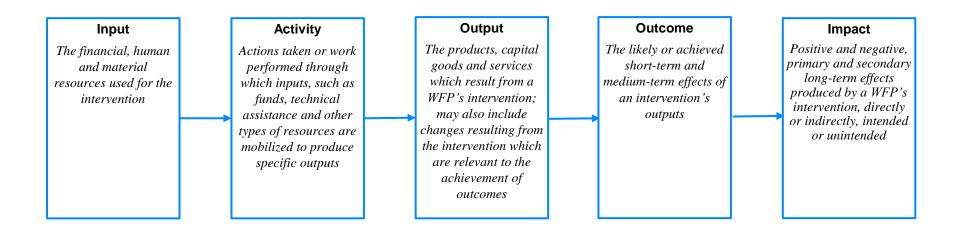
#### Strategic and management results support WFP's Strategy



#### The Strategic Results Framework reflects WFP's Results Hierarchy



### The hierarchy and related definitions are aligned with other UN agencies (based on UNDG RBM Guidance)



At impact level, WFP contributes to attainment of MDG 1 which aims to reduce by half the proportion of people who suffer from hunger and MDG Goal 4 to reduce under-five mortality by two-thirds

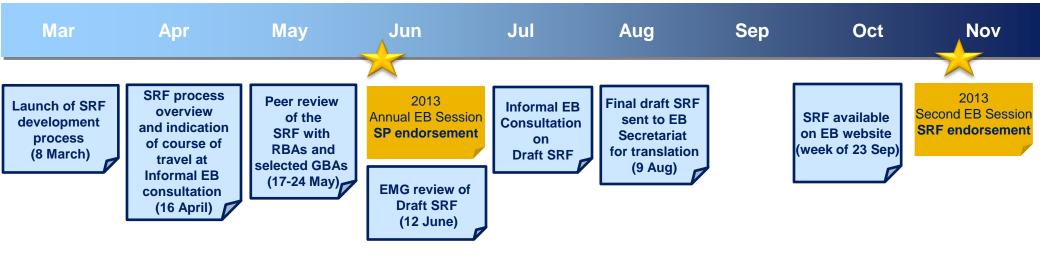
## The SRF captures the results hierarchy from impact to output levels along with relevant indicators

			<del>•</del>
STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 1: SAVE L	IVES AND PROTECT LIVELIHOODS IN E	Impact: Contribution to MDGs 1 and 4	
To save lives in emergencies and reduce acute malnutrition caused by shocks to below emergency levels			impact. Contribution to MDGS 1 and 4
To protect livelihoods and enhance self-reliance in emergencies and early recovery			
3. To reach refugees, internally displaced persons (IDPs) and other vulnerable groups and communities whose food and nutrition			
security has been adversely affe	cted by shocks		
Outcome	Indicator	Corporate target and performance measure <sup>1</sup>	Project target and data source
Outcome 1.1: Reduced or stabilized acute malnutrition in target groups of children and/or populations	Prevalence of acute malnutrition among children under 5 <sup>2</sup> (weight-for-height as %) <sup>3</sup>	Reduction in acute malnutrition prevalence achieved among children under 5 for 80% of projects	Target: Population-specific – Reduction in acute malnutrition prevalence rate Source: Survey data and/or monitoring data
		Stabilized prevalence of acute malnutrition among children under 5 for 80% of projects	Target: Population-specific – Acute malnutrition prevalence rate stabilized at pre-emergency levels
			Source: Survey data and/or monitoring data
	Prevalence of low mid-upper arm circumference (MUAC) among children under 5 <sup>45</sup>	Low MUAC prevalence stabilized for 80% of projects	Target: Population-specific – Stabilized prevalence of low MUAC Source: Survey data or assessment data
	1.1.3 Supplementary feeding performance rates <sup>6</sup>	Target met for 80% of projects	Target: Population-specific <sup>7</sup> Source: Programme monitoring
Outcome 1.2: Improved food consumption over assistance period for target households <sup>8</sup>	1.2.1 Household food consumption score <sup>9</sup>	Score exceeded the threshold for 80% of projects	Target: Food consumption score exceeded21 or 28 <sup>10</sup> for target households Source: Annual survey data
Outcome 1.3: Stabilized enrolment of girls and boys at high risk of dropping-out from target primary schools	1.3.1 Retention rate	Retention rate met for 80% of projects	Target: Retention rate reached 70%for girls and boys in emergency situations Source: Survey data
Outcome 1.4: Maintained access to services for anti-retroviral therapy (ART), tuberculosis (TB) treatment and/or prevention of mother-to-child transmission (PMTCT)	1.4.1. Default rate <sup>11</sup>	Target met for 80% of projects	Target: Default rate < 15% Source: Programme monitoring
Output	Indicator		
Output 1.1 <sup>12</sup> : Food and non-food items, cash transfers and vouchers distributed in sufficient quantity and quality to target groups of women, men, girls and boys under secure conditions (to be used for Strategic Objectives 1–4)	1.1.1 Number of women, men, girls and boys receiving food, non-food items cash transfers and vouchers, by category, activity, transfer modality and as % of planned 1.1.2 Tonnage of food distributed, by type, as % of planned distribution 1.1.3 (a) Quantity of fortified foods, complementary foods and special nutritional products distributed, by type, as % of planned distribution 1.1.3 (b) Quantity of fortified foods, complementary foods and special nutritional products distributed, by type, as % of actual distribution 1.1.4 Quantity of non-food items distributed, by type, as % of planned distribution 1.1.5 Total amount of cash transferred to beneficiaries 1.1.6 Total food/cash equivalent of vouchers distributed 1.1.7 WFP expenditures related to distribution of food, non-food items cash transfers and vouchers, by activity and transfer modality (US\$) Number of institutional sites assisted (e.g. schools, health centres etc.) Number of UN agencies/international organizations that collaborate in the provision of complementary inputs and services 1.1.10 Number of NGOs that collaborate in the provision of complementary inputs and services 1.1.11 Number of joint UN programmes/activities		

### Work in progress SRF 2014-2017: snapshot

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 1: SAVE LIVES AND PROTECT LIVELIHOODS IN EMERGENCIES					
Goals:					
t: Meet urgent food and nutrition needs of vulnerable people and communities and reduce undemutrition to below emergency levels					
2: Protect lives and livelihoods while enabling safe access to food and nutrition for men and women					
3: Ensure delivery of humanitarian assistance to affected populations	for access and recognition the absolute				
4: Strengthen the capacity of communities, governments and regional organisations to prepare	ior, assess and respond to snocks				
	In Product				
Outcomes	Indicators	Corporate target and performance measure			
Outcome 1.1: Increased access and use of nutrition-related treatment and prevention programmes	1.1 A Treatment of MAM 1: Targeted Supplementary Feeding Programme Performance (Recovery Rate and Death Rate for treatment)				
	1.1.B Treatment of MAM 2: Targeted Supplementary Feeding Programme Performance				
	(Coverage and length of enrolment)				
	1.1.C Prevention of acute malnutrition: Proportion of eligible population who				
	participate in programme (coverage)  1.1.D Proportion of planned MNPs/LQLNS sachets consumed by target population on				
	a monthly basis				
Outcome 1.2 Stabilized or improved food consumption over assistance period for target households	1.2.A Household Food Consumption Score				
	1.2.B Daily Average Dietary Diversity Score				
Outcome 1.3: Physical access of targeted communities to humanitarian assistance, essential infrastructure and services restored and/or additional risks to lives critical livelihood assets reduced	1.3.A Community Assets Score				
during the emergency	1.3.B Coping Strategy Index				
Outcome 1.4: Increased capacity of communities, governments and regional organizations to assess,	1.4.1 Emergency Preparedness Capacity Index				
prepare for and respond to emergencies					
Outputs		Indicators			
Output 1.1 .1 Food, nutritional products and non-food items, cash transfers and vouchers	Number of women, men, girls and boys receiving food, non-food item	ns cash transfers and vouchers, by category, activity, transfer modality and as % of planned			
distributed in sufficient quantity and quality to target groups	2. Tonnage of food distributed, by type, as % of planned distribution				
	1.1.3 (a) Quantity of fortified foods, complementary foods and special nutritional products distributed, by type, as % of planned distribution				
	1.1.3 (b) Quantity of fortified foods, complementary foods and special nutritional products distributed, by type, as % of actual distribution				
	1.1.4 Quantity of non-food items distributed, by type, as % of planned distribution				
	1.1.5 Total amount of cash transferred to beneficiaries				
	1.1.6 Total food/cash equivalent of vouchers distributed				
	1.1.7 WFP expenditures related to distribution of food, non-food items cash transfers and vouchers, by activity and transfer modality (US\$)				

#### 2014-2017 SRF Development process: Milestones



# Thank you!

