

Security Briefing

Director Field Security Division RMQ

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*“We targeted our enemy - the UN...
10 UN non-believers killed...the UN is a target of ours.
We will continue to attack them (the UN)”*



Significant Incidents Since 2009

- VBIED and PBIED attacks and Complex attacks on our offices (and partners) or in close proximity to, resulting in death and injury
- Hostage taking of staff, dependents and staff of WFP partners and contractors
- Direct threats against offices resulting in their closure
- Compound invasions as a result of armed conflict
- Assaults, robberies and other direct threats to our staff

Countries with Current Conflict



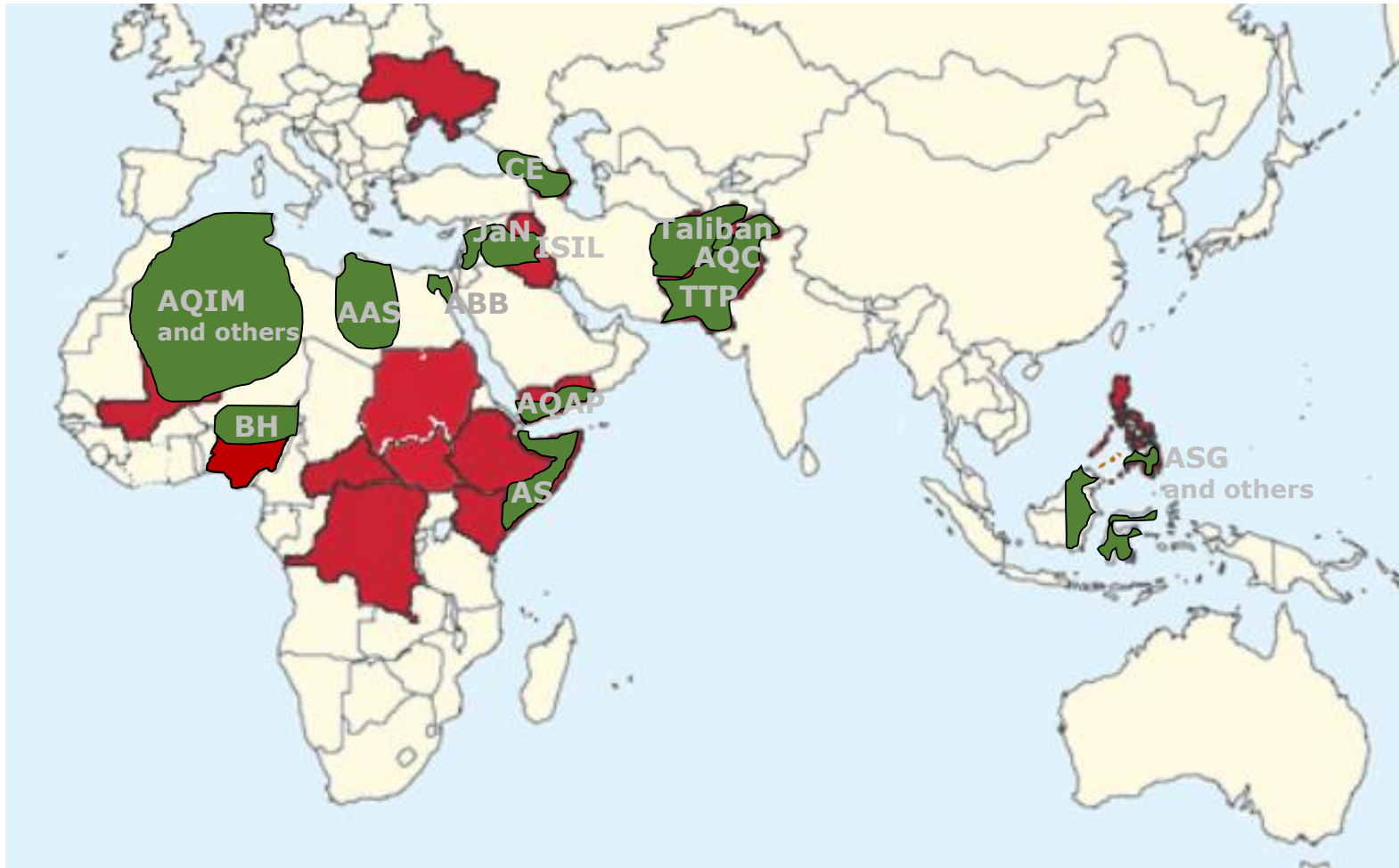
Religious Militantism

Factors that impact food insecurity and require WFP operations include:

- unstable and/or weakly governed
- conflict,
- poverty,
- unfavourable economic environments

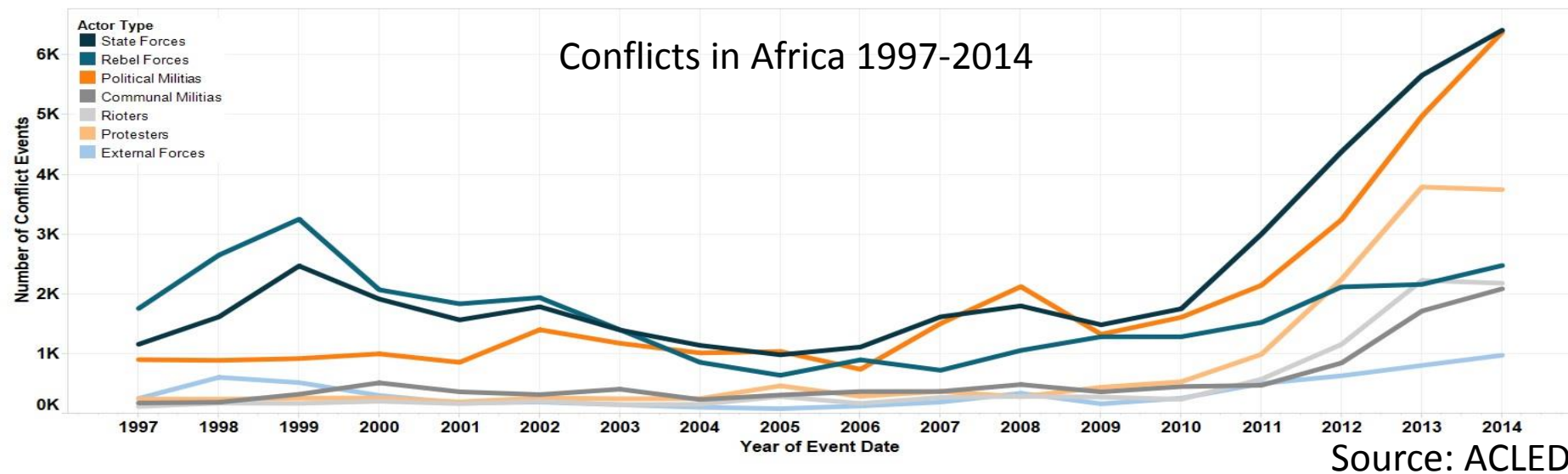
The same factors that make them attractive for religious militants

Militant Areas of Operation



Food Insecurity and Human Insecurity

- Armed conflicts are now one of the leading cause of world hunger (FAO, 2005)
- WFP is currently facing five large-scale emergencies at the same time, four of them are conflict related
- WFP will continue to be faced with conflict-related emergencies



Staff Security

- WFP continues to be challenged to run operations in conflict and high security risk environments
- Applying a strong and robust (but not rigid) Security Risk Management process for WFP operations is the key challenge
- The improving security culture within WFP and executive buy-in for security risk management allows WFP to manage these risks and enable operations

Questions?