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PROJECTS APPROVED BY CORRESPONDENCE

Agenda item 10

For information*



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BUDGET INCREASES TO PROTRACTED RELIEF AND RECOVERY OPERATIONS— PAKISTAN 200250

Enhancing Food and Nutrition Security and Rebuilding Social Cohesion

Cost (United States dollars)						
	Current budget	Increase	Revised budget			
Food and related costs	450 247 819	68 861 368	519 109 187			
Total cost to WFP	592 722 873	80 556 674	673 279 547			

* In accordance with the Executive Board's decisions on governance, approved at the Annual and Third Regular Sessions, 2000, items for information should not be discussed unless a Board member specifically requests it, well in advance of the meeting, and the Chair accepts the request on the grounds that it is a proper use of the Board's time.

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NOTE TO THE EXECUTIVE BOARD

This document is submitted to the Executive Board for information.

The Secretariat invites members of the Board who may have questions of a technical nature with regard to this document to contact the WFP staff focal points indicated below, preferably well in advance of the Board's meeting.

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NATURE OF THE INCREASE

- 1. This sixth revision to protracted relief and recovery operation (PRRO) 200250 proposes the following changes:
 - providing an additional 147,981 mt of food assistance valued at USD 55 million in food transfer costs;
 - including in the relief component an additional 162,000 recently displaced beneficiaries from North Waziristan Agency (NWA) and Bara Tehsil Agency, bringing the total for general food distribution (GFD) to 1.56 million people;
 - extending recovery activities to the areas of return during and after the six-month period for returnee rations and until the end of the year.
- 2. The changes, proposed from late March to December 2015, affect the following components: i) GFD for relief and returnees; and ii) the community management of acute malnutrition (CMAM), livelihoods and education recovery activities in the areas of return.
- 3. The proposed revision will enable WFP to meet the emergency food needs of the additional displaced people with the regular GFD food basket until the end of the year, including a six-month ration for returnees, making a total of 1.56 million displaced and returnee beneficiaries.
- 4. This budget revision keeps PRRO 200250 aligned with the Strategic Plan and the Strategic Results Framework (2014–2017).

JUSTIFICATION FOR BUDGET INCREASE

Summary of Existing Project Activities

- 5. The aims of PRRO 200250, which commenced on 1 January 2013, are to:
 - ensure the food and nutrition security of displaced people in the north-west and support their return (Strategic Objective 1);
 - stabilize and restore the nutritional status of vulnerable populations in the most food-insecure areas, and rebuild livelihoods through food assistance for assets (FFA) (Strategic Objective 2);
 - ▶ build community resilience through disaster risk reduction (Strategic Objective 3); and
 - > enhance national disaster risk management capacities (Strategic Objective 3).
- 6. This budget revision continues WFP's response strategy and is in line with the One UN II programme of work. The modifications reflect new and sudden-onset emergencies that cause displacement in the north-west, and the delayed returns since the previous budget revision.
- 7. The budget revision is in line with the 2014 Multi-Cluster Initial Rapid Assessment of the needs of displaced families from Federally Administered Tribal Areas (FATA), which concluded that in view of their limited access to food and poor purchasing capacity it was critical to continue food assistance.
- 8. The adjustments will enable WFP to continue its programmes and meet the needs of the most vulnerable people in a context of displacement and large-scale law-and-order operations.



CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE RE-ASSESSMENT

9. This budget revision provides for an increase in the number of beneficiaries and a geographical extension so that WFP can continue to respond to the increasing displacement emergency and anticipated returns in the north-western areas.

PURPOSE OF BUDGET INCREASE

Communities Affected by Law-and-Order Operations in the North-West

- 10. WFP continues to meet the emergency food needs of 1.56 million registered people displaced from FATA in camps and host community areas.
- 11. Due to the dynamics in Pakistan, which includes the ability for returns to take place when and at the scale planned, both returns and displacement have occurred at a level which resulted in greater beneficiary numbers than originally planned.
- 12. Since the previous budget revision further displacements have occurred as a result of law-and-order operations in North Waziristan. The previous revision planned food assistance for 1.4 million beneficiaries the regular displaced caseload and the recently displaced people (from the start of the North Waziristan displacement).
- 13. This revision covers the food requirements of 1.56 million people from March to December 2015, including an additional 162,000 displaced people from NWA and Bara Tehsil. If further displacement occurs, the initial response will be covered by the contingency incorporated under a previous budget revision. If further displacement exceeds the number approved in the contingency, PRRO 200250 may require further revision.
- 14. WFP works with the International Rescue Committee and other stakeholders to assess the vulnerability of displaced people. The most recent *Livelihoods and Food Security in Displacement* bulletin, based on a vulnerability assessment and profiling survey of 96,000 displaced families, showed that displaced families remain vulnerable and that food assistance remains a priority.

Nutrition Support

15. The CMAM programme will continue to support moderately acutely malnourished displaced children and pregnant and lactating women, and will absorb newly displaced people into the approved beneficiary numbers. No change is therefore required to beneficiary numbers or food tonnage.

\Rightarrow 2015 returns

- 16. Given the fragile food security of displaced people, life-saving food assistance is urgently needed to support the difficult process of resettling families.
- 17. A budget revision covering the period November 2014 to February 2015 was formulated pending the Government's strategy and plan for returns, which was shared with WFP in February 2015. The plan estimates the phased return of 930,000 displaced people in 2015, starting in March. WFP will provide a six-month unconditional return ration, as requested by the Government. Families who remain displaced will continue to receive WFP assistance.



\Rightarrow Return relief package

- 18. All registered displaced people will receive a six-month unconditional food ration to facilitate resettlement and rehabilitation. This ration bridges the gap between immediate relief response and short-term and medium-term recovery, mitigating losses of assets, crops and other livelihoods and ensuring food security for returnees who are unable to meet their food needs. The ration will include wheat flour, oil, pulses and salt.
- 19. This component is reflected in the United Nations 2015 Strategic Response Plan approved by the humanitarian country team on 6 February 2015, which sets the parameters of the response to the complex emergency in FATA.

\Rightarrow *Relief and recovery activities*

- 20. WFP will adjust its recovery activities CMAM, education and livelihoods in the return areas in North Waziristan and Bara Tehsil to complement the Government-led returns and rehabilitation strategy.
- 21. WFP is implementing livelihood activities in six FATA agencies, reaching 57,000 beneficiaries. It will expand these to include an additional 20,000 beneficiaries in all seven FATA agencies, focusing on NWA and Khyber. WFP will provide a monthly food ration of wheat flour, oil and salt. The expansion of livelihoods activities in the areas of return will begin after the six-month return package period.
- 22. WFP's school feeding programme in six FATA agencies with the Directorate of Education reaches 246,840 pupils in 1,200 government schools. This will expand to include an additional 59,000 pupils in 1,960 schools in all seven FATA agencies. The school feeding ration includes a take-home ration of vegetable oil twice a month and daily high-energy biscuits.
- 23. WFP will shift its CMAM intervention out of the areas of displacement and into the areas of return. This shift is a purely geographic change, so the beneficiary figures and food requirements in 2015 remain within the current budget for the nutrition component. The CMAM intervention will be adjusted according to the rate of returns.
- 24. Recovery support will be adjusted in line with a gradual decrease in needs once livelihoods and harvests are revitalized.



		TABLE 1	: BENEFIC	IARIES BY /	ACTIVITY	ТҮРЕ				
Activity/component	Category/beneficiaries		Current		Increase/decrease		Revised			
		Boys/ men	Girls/ women	Total	Boys/ men	Girls/ women	Total	Boys/ men	Girls/ women	Total
Relief										
GFD	Food	1 077 643	1 035 741	2 113 000	83 000	79 000	162 000	1 160 643	1 114 741	2 275 0
	Cash	30 600	29 400	60 000	-	-	-	30 600	29 400	60 0
Prevention of acute	Children 6–23 months	97 916	94 076	191 992	-	-	-	97 916	94 076	191 9
malnutrition	Children 24–59 months	177 395	170 438	347 833	-	-	-	177 395	170 438	347 8
	Pregnant and lactating women		20 000	20 000	-	-	-		20 000	20 0
Community management	of acute malnutrition									
Treatment of acute	Children 6–59 months	527 338	506 481	1 030 819	-	-	-	527 338	506 481	1 030 8
malnutrition	Pregnant and lactating women		982 922	982 922	-	-	-		982 922	982 9
Supplementary feeding for severe and moderate acute		247 165	237 197	484 362				247 165	237 197	484 3
Prevention of stunting	Children 6–23 months	21 247	20 728	41 975	-	-	-	21 247	20 728	41 9
Prevention of micronutrient deficiencies	Children 24–59 months	52 618	51 319	104 000	-	-	-	52 618	51 319	104 0
Supplementary feeding	Pregnant and lactating women		82 949	82 949	-	-	-		82 949	82 9
Early recovery of	FFA (food)	523 000	503 000	1 026 000	61 000	59 000	120 000	584 000	562 000	1 146 0
livelihoods	FFA (cash)	180 576	172 710	353 286	-	-	-	180 576	172 710	353 2
Disaster risk reduction	FFA (cash)	413 100	396 900	810 000	-	-	-	413 100	396 900	810 0
School feeding	On-site feeding	148 104	98 736	246 840	26 556	32 183	58 739	174 660	130 919	305 5
	Take-home	98 330	61 435	159 765	19 901	24 267	44 168	118 231	85 702	203 9
Adjusted total		3 257 604	4 214 582	7 472 186	109 556	111 183	220 739	3 367 160	4 325 765	7 692 9
Contingency		276 000	264 000	540 000	-	-	-	276 000	264 000	540 0

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FOOD REQUIREMENTS

25. The proposed adjustment of assistance will require an additional 147,981 mt of food, resulting in a total food requirement of 765,958 mt for PRRO 200250.

TABLE 2: FOOD/CASH AND VOUCHER REQUIREMENTS BY ACTIVITY						
	Food/	Food requirements (<i>mt</i>); cash/voucher (<i>USD</i>)				
	cash/voucher	Current	Increase/ decrease	Revised total		
GFD	Food	469 276	140 353	609 629		
	Cash	13 524 270	-	13 524 270		
Prevention of acute malnutrition (children 6–23 months)	Food	3 186	-	3 186		
Prevention of acute malnutrition (children 24–59 months)	Food	5 405	-	5 405		
Prevention of acute malnutrition (pregnant and lactating women)	Food	50	-	50		
Treatment of acute malnutrition (children 6–59 months)	Food	9 393	-	9 393		
Treatment of acute malnutrition (pregnant and lactating women)	Food	24 809	-	24 809		
Supplementary feeding for siblings of children with severe and acute moderate malnutrition	Food	3 960	-	3 960		
Prevention of stunting (children 6–23 months)	Food	1 548	-	1 548		
Prevention of micronutrient deficiencies (children 24–59 months)	Food	39	-	39		
Supplementary feeding (pregnant and lactating women)	Food	5 768	-	5 768		
Early recovery of livelihoods	Food	31 369	5 917	37 286		
	Cash	5 183 465	-	5 183 465		
School feeding	Food	19 557	1 231	20 788		
Disaster risk reduction	Cash	19 498 717	-	19 498 717		
Contingency food	Food	43 617	480	44 097		
Total (<i>mt</i>)	Food	617 977	147 981	765 958		
Total (USD)	Cash	38 206 452	-	38 206 452		



ANNEX I-A

PROJECT COST BREAKDOWN						
	Quantity <i>(mt)</i>	Value (USD)	Value (USD)			
Food	I					
Cereals	128 164	43 106 996				
Pulses	10 818	5 546 987				
Oil and fats	6 952	5 651 723				
Mixed and blended food	635	761 932				
Others	1 412	155 353				
Total food	147 981	55 222 991				
External transport		(2 049 715)				
Landside transport, storage and handling		7 116 148				
Other direct operational costs: food	8 571 944					
Food and related costs ¹	68 861 368					
Direct operational costs	68 861 368					
Direct support costs (see Annex I-B) ²	6 425 243					
Total direct project costs	75 286 611					
Indirect support costs (7.0 percent) ³	5 270 063					
TOTAL WFP COSTS	80 556 674					

³ The indirect support cost rate may be amended by the Board during the project.



¹ This is a notional food basket for budgeting and approval. The contents may vary.

² Indicative figure for information purposes. The direct support cost allotment is reviewed annually.

ANNEX I-B

DIRECT SUPPORT REQUIREMENTS (USD)				
Recurring and other	2 188 077			
Capital equipment	1 007 521			
Security	1 050 000			
Travel and transportation	1 459 257			
Assessments, evaluations and monitoring ¹	720 388			
TOTAL DIRECT SUPPORT COSTS	6 425 243			

¹ Reflects estimated costs when these activities are carried out by third parties. If the activities are carried out by country office staff, the costs are included in the staff and staff-related and travel and transportation categories.



ACRONYMS USED IN THE DOCUMENT

- CMAM community management of acute malnutrition
- FATA Federally Administered Tribal Areas
- FFA food assistance for assets
- GFD general food distribution
- NWA North Waziristan Agency
- PRRO protracted relief and recovery operation

