



Integrity, quality, impact, readiness

## Somalia CSP 2026–2030

Executive Board Informal Consultation



World Food  
Programme

SAVING  
LIVES  
CHANGING  
LIVES

January 2026

# Evaluation & Learning: Use of CSPE evidence in CSP design

## Management Response to the CSP evaluation of Somalia Country Office

Rec 1. Strengthen Program Integration	Rec 2. Resource mobilization for programming	Rec 3. Use of Evidence for programme design	Rec 4. Strategic Partnership	Rec 5. Gov't Capacity Strengthening
Agreed	Agreed	Agreed	Agreed	Agreed
<p>Key actions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Develop integrated response plan for implementing HDP-nexus</li> <li>✓ Formulation of an institutional capacity building strategy</li> </ul>	<p>Key actions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Develop a diversified and innovative resource mobilisation strategies</li> <li>✓ Develop long term scenario-based investment plan</li> </ul>	<p>Key actions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Use of evidence from evaluations/ studies</li> <li>✓ Promote responsive M&amp;E practices</li> <li>✓ Share good practices from assurance plan and risk management.</li> </ul>	<p>Key actions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Develop a comprehensive partnership engagement plan</li> <li>✓ Enhance collaboration with government, UN, Private sector and other actors</li> </ul>	<p>Key actions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Capacity assessment for tailored support</li> <li>✓ Focus on regional and state-based approaches</li> <li>✓ Strengthen coordination</li> </ul>
CSP Activity 1/Output 3	All CSP Activities	CSP cross cutting priorities	CSP cross cutting priorities	CSP cross cutting priorities

# Somalia: hunger hotspot of very high concern



## PROJECTED SITUATION: OCTOBER-DECEMBER 2025



**4.4 M**

23% of the analysed population

People facing high levels of acute food insecurity (IPC Phase 3 or above)

Phase 5

0 People in Catastrophe

Phase 4

921,000 People in Emergency

Phase 3

3,430,000 People in Crisis

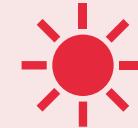
Phase 2

6,964,000 People in Stressed

## Drivers of food insecurity



Conflict and Insecurity



Drought, Floods



Internal displacement



Diseases and poor health access



High food prices



Extreme poverty

# WFP Somalia: ready for the transformation



## Integrity

- Maintain and build on the trust that has been restored
- Renewed commitment to humanitarian principles as largest humanitarian actor in Somalia

## Quality

- *Saving lives* focus, doing better for fewer with reduced resources
- Prioritizing the most vulnerable but still supporting pathways to self-reliance
- Convening and collaborating with all stakeholders to build sustainable government capacity

## Impact

- Integrated programming and partnership approaches, data-driven targeting to support community resilience.
- Evidence generation, strategic information to continue to advocate for zero hunger in Somalia

## Readiness

- Operational agility and preparedness for all modalities
- Adaptive mindset to challenging funding landscapes



# Somalia CSP (2026–2030): 4 CSP outcomes, 6 activities

**CSP shifts:** sharper integrated programme quality, boosted national capacity



SO1: Effective emergency preparedness and response	SO2: Reduced needs and enhanced resilience to withstand shocks	SO3: Enabled government and partner programmes	SO3: Enabled government and partner programmes
<p>NTP Pillar 2 (economic transformation) NTP Pillar 4 (environment, climate resilience)</p> <p><b>CRISIS RESPONSE</b></p> <p><b>Saving lives</b></p> <p>Crisis-affected populations have access to food and nutrition</p> <p>Anticipatory action; early warning; early recovery, Disaster risk management, capacity strengthening to enable governments to respond crisis</p>	<p>NTP Pillar 2 (economic transformation) NTP Pillar 4 (environment, climate resilience)</p> <p><b>RESILIENCE</b></p> <p><b>Enhancing Self-reliance</b></p> <p>Support vulnerable populations to build assets, diversify incomes, strengthen food security and build urban, peri-urban and rural resilience to shocks</p>	<p>NTP Pillar 3 (social and human capital)</p> <p><b>RESILIENCE</b></p> <p><b>Enabling governments</b></p> <p>Transitioning social protection programmes to government.</p> <p>Transitioning WFP school meals programme to national and sub-national governments</p>	<p>NTP Pillar 2 (economic transformation) NTP Pillar 4 (environment and climate resilience)</p> <p><b>CRISIS RESPONSE</b></p> <p><b>Enabling humanitarian actors</b></p> <p>UNHAS; Mandated services WFP leadership of clusters; On-demand services; Strategic FSN info (IPC), evidence and advocacy for ending hunger</p>
<p><b>Strategic Shift</b></p> <p>Prioritize IPC4+ with sharper focus on quality. Targeting highest needs with more conditionality.</p>	<p><b>Strategic Shift</b></p> <p>Move from fragmented, approach to people-centred, integrated, scalable livelihoods support to break humanitarian recurrent cycles.</p>	<p><b>Strategic Shift</b></p> <p>Phased transfer of WFP social protection and school meals to government, scaling-up national systems, through Public – Private -Partnership</p>	<p><b>Strategic Shift</b></p> <p>Supply chain to drive WFP programme integration and support system-wide service delivery; Aviation infrastructure development</p>

Thank you.

WFP Somalia

January  
2026

