





ANNEX I: 2020-2024 KEY FIGURES¹ TRENDS

		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Overview						
People assisted directly through the provision of food, cash-based transfers, commodity vouchers and capacity strengthening						
	Million people	115.5	128.2	159.9	152.0	124.4
	<i>of whom (in millions)</i>					
	Women	27.8	30.7	40.5	36.7	30.9
	Men	21.1	23.9	29.4	29.2	22.5
	Girls	33.8	37.2	45.0	43.4	35.9
	Boys	32.8	36.5	45.0	42.7	35.1
	People with disabilities	7.4	9.3	14.1	13.6	9.5
Assisted in						
	Number of countries	77	80	82	81	80
	Number of emergency operations ²	17 ³	20	28 ⁴	27	19
Breakdown by residence status of beneficiary and type of transfer received						
	<i>(in millions)</i>					
	Residents	82.4	96.9	121.6	116.5	94.0
	Internally displaced persons	19.6	18.9	26.0	21.1	16
	Refugees	11.0	9.9	9.1	11.0	11.6
	Returnees	2.5	2.6	2.1	2.5	2
	Migrants	-	-	1.3 ⁵	0.9	0.5
Million mt of food distributed						
	<i>of which (in million mt)</i>					
	Fortified food	1.3	1.5	2.0	1.5	0.6
	Specialized nutritious foods	0.29	0.31	0.32	0.30	0.26
	% of mt distributed unconditionally	87	86	86	84	80
	Number of people to whom food was delivered (in millions)	82.2	88.7	107.9	100.6	81

¹ Historical figures in this annex might differ slightly from those published in previous annual performance reports owing to updates or further validation of figures following publication.

² The three emergency activation phases, which in 2022 replaced the previous classification of level 1, level 2 and level 3 emergencies, are early action and emergency response, corporate attention, and corporate scale-up. Operations that were in a corporate attention or corporate scale-up phase (equivalent to level 2 or level 3 emergencies) during the calendar year are counted.









³ This figure does not include the response to the coronavirus disease 2019, the first global level 3 emergency experienced by WFP headquarters.

⁴ This figure does not include the corporate scale-up to address the global food crisis.

⁵ WFP started to report on the residence status of migrants in 2022 to align with the International Organization for Migration, which defines a migrant as any person who is moving or has moved across an international border or within a State away from his/her habitual place of residence, regardless of the person's legal status, whether the movement is voluntary or involuntary, the causes of the movement or the length of the person's stay.

ANNEX I: 2020-2024 KEY FIGURES¹ TRENDS






ANNEX 1: 2020 REFUGEE TRENDS

		2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	
	Transfers distributed (USD billion)	2.1	2.3	3.3	2.9	2.2	
	Number of people assisted through CBTs (in millions)	38.4 ⁶	37.2	49.3	51.6	41.0	
	Number of people assisted through commodity vouchers (in millions)		4.6	6.7	5.9	5.9	
	Percentage of USD distributed unconditionally	87	87	89	85	85	
	Number of people assisted through individual capacity strengthening (in millions)	-	-	3.2⁷	5.3	6.0	
Unconditional resource transfers to support access to food							
	Number of people provided with unconditional food assistance through the distribution of food, cash--based transfers or commodity vouchers (in millions)	82.9	91.0	113.4	106.5	79.9	
Nutrition and HIV/AIDS							
	Number of children to receive special nutritional support (in millions)	11.8	15.8	18.6	17.8	17.4	
	Number of women to receive additional nutrition support (in millions)	5.5	7.7	9.6	10.1	9.4	
	Number of people living with and/or affected by HIV/AIDS and tuberculosis to receive WFP assistance (in millions)	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.1	
	Number of the 35 HIV and AIDS fast-track countries to receive WFP assistance	19	19	20	17	16	
School feeding activities							
	Number of schoolchildren to receive school meals and/or take-home rations (in millions)	15.0	15.5	20.0	21.4	20	
	of whom						
	Girls (as a percentage)	50	49	49	48	49	
Smallholder agricultural market support							
	Number of smallholder farmers participating in capacity building activities that improved value chains and strengthened market services (in millions)	-	0.048	0.405	0.845	1.3	1.9

⁶ From 2020 onwards, CBTs and commodity vouchers were treated as two separate transfer modalities. Data from years subsequent to 2020 cannot therefore be compared with data from previous years.

⁷ In 2020, WFP began to track the beneficiaries of individual capacity strengthening separately.

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Climate adaptation and risk management activities							
	Number of people to benefit from food and CBTs through climate risk insurance and anticipatory actions (in millions)	-	2.8	2.0	3.8	2.8	4.3
Asset creation and livelihood support activities							
	Number of people to receive WFP food assistance to cover immediate food shortfalls while they received training and constructed assets that build their resilience to shocks and strengthen their livelihoods (in millions)		7.7	8.7	9.9	9.0	6.1
Support for national priorities: country capacity strengthening, South-South and triangular cooperation and social protection							
	Capacity strengthening transfers (USD million)		285	379	454	563 ⁸	606
	Number of partners mobilized in countries providing support for WFP-facilitated South-South and triangular cooperation	-	-	-	-	149 ⁹	85
Working in partnerships							
	Number of NGOs to have worked with WFP		911	977	1053	877	927
	Support provided by corporate and private entities donating cash and in-kind gifts (USD million)	101	161	494	540	270	336
	Number of standby partners	26	26	27	29	30	31
	Number of FAO/WFP crop and food security assessment missions conducted		3	3	6	3	4
	Number of UNHCR/WFP joint assessment missions conducted ¹⁰		2	12	7	3	2

⁸ This figure includes USD 83 million of investments in capacity strengthening for national social protection systems and programmes.

⁹ WFP started collecting this information in 2023.

¹⁰ Includes UNHCR/WFP joint post-distribution monitoring missions in 2020, 2021 and 2022.

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Developing countries and WFP assistance						
	Percentage of food procured, by tonnage, in developing countries	80	80	88	89	90
	Percentage of multilateral resources for addressing root causes to reach concentration ¹¹ countries	91	91	88	83	75
	Percentage of development resources to reach least-developed countries	41	50	40	48	44
Global common services and on-demand service provision						
   	Relief items dispatched by UNHRD (<i>in thousand cubic meters</i>)	79.6	41.4	43.9	48.4	39.5
	Number of humanitarian, development and diplomatic passengers transported by UNHAS (<i>in thousands</i>)	27	325	391	410	355
	Percentage of passengers transported by UNHAS out of the total number of requests	89	91	91	92	97.6
	Number of partners supported through all WFP supply chain services	415	1 170	1 200	1 442	1 573

¹¹ *Concentration countries* are defined as least-developed countries or those with equally low incomes facing chronic malnutrition measured as a stunting rate of more than 25 percent in children under 5.