Informal Consultation on the Country Strategic Plan 2024-2028

18 December 2023
MADAGASCAR COUNTRY CONTEXT

HIGH LEVELS OF POVERTY
77% of the population living in extreme poverty

LIMITED AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTIVITY and lack of crop diversification

HIGH VULNERABILITY TO CLIMATE CHANGE

RAPID POPULATION GROWTH
Projected growth from 29 to 59 million by 2050

HIGH FOOD INSECURITY
119 out of 121 countries on the 2022 Global Hunger Index

WIDESPREAD MALNUTRITION
39.8% of children <5 affected by stunting and 8% affected by wasting

GENDER INEQUALITY AND PROTECTION RISKS

VULNERABLE TO MACRO-ECONOMIC SHOCKS such as high prices for food, fuel, fertilizers
STRATEGIC VISION:
TRANSFORM FOOD SYSTEMS AND ENHANCE SOCIAL PROTECTION FOR A MORE RESILIENT MADAGASCAR

HUMAN CAPITAL INVESTMENT

Nexus approach and emphasis on preparedness and shock-responsive social protection over emergency response

Support to the Government for an inclusive and effective social protection system

Increase resilience through rural socio-economic transformation

KEY ENABLERS:
Partnerships, Technology, Innovation and Focus on Capacity Strengthening

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2nd GENERATION CSP ALIGNMENT

NATIONAL PRIORITIES

UNSDCF 2024-2028

WFP 2G CSP

NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLANS

➢ Madagascar “Plan Émergence”
➢ National Strategy for Social Protection (2024-2028)
➢ National Plan for Climate Change Adaptation
➢ National Nutrition Multisectoral Plan (2022-2026)
➢ National Agricultural Development Plan

NATIONAL PRIORITIES

Outcome 1: People in Madagascar affected by seasonal or other shocks are prepared and able to meet their immediate food and nutrition needs throughout the year

Outcome 2: Groups at risk are part of the national social protection scheme with improved nutrition and education outcomes contributing to enhanced human capital development

Outcome 3: Communities benefit from productive, inclusive, and sustainable food systems that contribute to improved food diversity, livelihoods, and resilience to shocks

Outcome 4: Government and national stakeholders have enhanced capacities to manage food & nutrition programmes, social protection and emergency preparedness and response systems

Outcome 5: Government, humanitarian and development actors have improved access to mandated and on-demand services, and benefit from innovative solutions to deliver assistance

Priority 2: Ensuring human capital development
Priority 3: Support labour productivity and the creation of jobs for decent incomes and a competitive economy
Priority 4: Strengthening sustainable, resilient, and inclusive environmental management

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Thank you!