OUR NUMBERS

WFP SAW REDUCED LOSSES IN 2022 COMPARED TO 2021

2022
Total losses (% volume): 0.48%
Valued at USD 26.1 million

2021
Total losses (% volume): 0.70%
Valued at USD 24.9 million
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Commodity</th>
<th>Volume (mt)</th>
<th>Value (USD)</th>
<th>USD per mt</th>
<th>Losses as a % of total losses by volume</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total top 5</td>
<td>18,858</td>
<td>13,600,000</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rice</td>
<td>5,567</td>
<td>3,513,281</td>
<td>631</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wheat</td>
<td>4,723</td>
<td>1,986,116</td>
<td>420</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sorghum/Millet</td>
<td>3,320</td>
<td>1,561,442</td>
<td>470</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vegetable oil</td>
<td>2,815</td>
<td>4,714,566</td>
<td>1,675</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maize meal</td>
<td>2,433</td>
<td>1,886,040</td>
<td>775</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>11,060</td>
<td>12,500,000</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>29,918</td>
<td>26,100,000</td>
<td>--</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

FIVE COMMODITIES ACCOUNTED FOR 63% OF LOSSES BY VOLUME, AND 52% BY VALUE
BY COUNTRY

83% OF POST-DELIVERY LOSSES OCCURRED IN 10 COUNTRIES
BY CAUSE

INADEQUATE TRANSPORT

Quantity: 3,831 MT
0.06% of total food handled
22% of total post-delivery losses

IMPROPER or OVERLONG STORAGE

Quantity: 3,705 MT
0.06% of total food handled
21% of total post-delivery losses

RECONSTITUTION, REBAGGING, or REPACKING

Quantity: 3,645 MT
0.06% of total food handled
21% of total post-delivery losses

TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND PACKAGING AS MOST SIGNIFICANT CAUSES OF POST-DELIVERY LOSSES
TRANSPORT

• Inner protective materials and bindings applied to minimize damage during transport;
• Adequate fumigation during shipping, reducing the risk of live insects arriving at destination;
• Appointment of a third party to monitor and supervise loading procedures to identify any gaps in tallying, transport and shipping processes.

STORAGE

• Face-to-face training for supply chain employees on best practices;
• Inclusion of best-before dates in daily stock reports and analysis of stock rotations.

PACKAGING

• Appointment of inspection companies to enhance checks on empty bags at discharge ports, reducing the risk of bag breakage;
• Assessment of local standards by the Food Safety and Quality Assurance Branch.