ZAMBIA COUNTRY CONTEXT

- **65%** Population under the age of 25
- **54%** Nationally
  High poverty levels
- **77%** Rural population
  Increased dependency on rain-fed agriculture
- **26%** High youth unemployment rate
- **Existing Income inequality among women and girls**
CURRENT DELIVERING LONG-TERM FOOD AND NUTRITION SECURITY
New CSP informed by evaluation’s key recommendations:

- Deeper engagement with various stakeholders in the design of the new CSP;
- Expand the nutrition portfolio; and
- Strengthen WFP’s engagement in the social protection space.

In response, under the new CSP:

- Engage different stakeholders in the design of the new CSP;
- Expand geographical footprint to cover areas with high malnutrition rates;
- Provide technical assistance to Government to enhance social protection programmes.
KEY STRATEGIC AND PROGRAMMATIC SHIFTS

- Supporting agricultural and rural transformation
- Enhancing digital innovation and technology
- Supporting private sector led mechanisation
- Facilitating access to finance - including Blended financing approaches
  (Key focus on youth and women)
PEOPLE: By 2027, all people in Zambia, including the marginalised and vulnerable, have equitable access to and consumption of safe and diverse, nutrient dense food all year round.

PROSPERITY: By 2027, all people in Zambia, including women, youths and people living with disabilities, benefit from transformative, productive, inclusive, and profitable agricultural production and market activities that contribute to improved food diversity, resilience to climate and economic shocks, increased incomes and diversified livelihoods and sustainable food systems by 2030.

PEACE: By 2027, all people, including the marginalised and vulnerable, participate in and benefit from sustained peace, democracy, human rights, the rule of law, justice, non-discrimination, equality, and inclusive and transformative governance.

PLANET: By 2027, ecosystems are healthier, all people, including the marginalised and vulnerable, are more resilient, contribute to and benefit from the sustainable management of natural resources and environmental services, and more effective responses to climate change, shocks, and stresses.

- **Environmental Sustainability** - Strengthen Climate Adaptation, DRR and sustainable Agriculture
- **Economic transformation and Job Creation** – Increase production and productivity (Agric infrastructure, Mechanization, Irrigation, extensions support) R&D, Value Addition, Digital Innovation
- **Human and Social Development** – Enhance food security & Nutrition, Strengthen Coordination of SP programmes (HGSM, RD in nutrition and food systems)
THANK YOU