



World Food  
Programme

SAVING  
LIVES  
CHANGING  
LIVES

# South-South and Triangular Cooperation (SSTC) Policy Update

1<sup>st</sup> Informal Consultation with the Executive Board

31 January 2023

# First Informal Consultation

31 JANUARY 2023

## Objectives:

01

**Receive feedback, guidance and inputs** on draft policy.

02

**Continue discussion** initiated during Information Update on November 25, 2022.

**Consultation is critical** -> SSTC is a country-owned and country-led process.





# Global context

01

## **Evolving scenarios**

Conflict, climate shocks,  
Economic meltdown.

02

## **Progress towards SDGs slowed**

Also affecting SDG 2 goals and targets.

03

## **SSTC has a critical role to play**

To share knowledge and solutions.



# WFP and SSTC

**SSTC contributes to WFP's ability to** achieve its mandate to save lives and change lives.



## RBA collaboration



## Network of Centres

### Brazil - 2011



### China - 2016



### Ivory Coast - 2019



Saving lives



Changing Lives

# SSTC Policy Evaluation

## EVALUATION STRESSES

WFP added value in supporting SSTC

## BUT RECOMMENDS TO

- 01 Move away from pilot projects**  
With niche and short-term investments
- 02 Invest more on M&E**  
To strengthen results and impact
- 03 Increase staff capacity and skills**  
For better and more effective brokering



WFP EVALUATION

## Evaluation of the WFP South-South and Triangular Cooperation Policy

Centralized Evaluation Report – Volume I

OEV/2019/027  
Office of Evaluation

October 2021



## **WFP VALUE PROPOSITION**

**Facilitate results-oriented, demand-driven and localized SSTC to support country-led efforts towards achieving SDG 2 and SDG 17.**

# Basic structure of updated SSTC Policy



## Setting the context

Background & context

Definitions & concepts

Principles

## Goals and focus areas

Vision

Objectives & outcomes

Strategic Focus Areas

Essential enablers

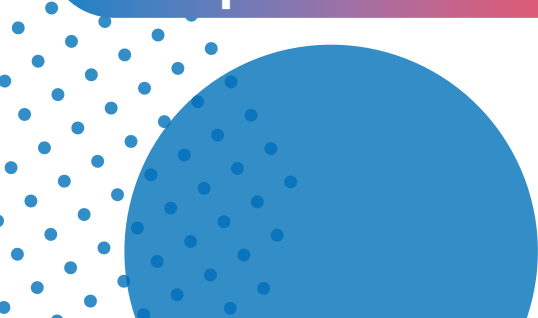
## Direction for implementation

Pathways for implementation

Policy coherence

Risk management

Monitoring and evaluation



# Theory of Change for the policy

**IMPACT**



Countries of the Global South make progress towards SDG 2 and SDG 17

**OBJECTIVE**



Global South countries adapt and implement relevant zero hunger solutions focusing on most vulnerable

**OUTCOME**



WFP trusted and reliable partner for SSTC and matchmaking of SDG 2 solutions

SSTC contributes to WFP mandate of saving lives and changing lives

**STRATEGIC FOCUS AREAS**



Consolidate what WFP does best

Respond to new areas of demand

Ensure quality and results

**ENABLERS**



Diverse partnerships

Quality financing at scale

Institutional capability

Individual capability

Guidance, tools & procedures

Communication & Advocacy

Evidence & knowledge mgmt



# Strategic Focus Areas

1



## Consolidate what WFP does best

In traditional thematic areas such as social protection, nutrition, moving away from pilots.

2



## Respond to new areas of demand

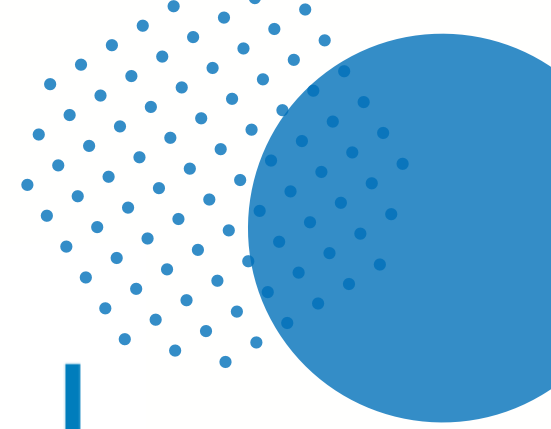
Supply chain management, emergency preparedness, resilience building, climate change and nexus.

3



## Ensure quality and results

Procedures and tools for quality and results, while ensuring adherence to international principles.



# Essential enablers



**Diverse  
partnerships**



**Quality financing for  
SSTC at scale**



**Institutional  
capability**



**Individual capability**



**Evidence  
generation &  
KM**



**Guidance, tools,  
procedures**



**Communication &  
Advocacy**



# Implementation Plan

## 1. Costed implementation plan

## 2. Results framework

Aligned with corporate UN-wide results framework

## 3. Policy Coherence

At corporate and UN-wide level

# Risk management

- 1. Risk management** as part of policy formulation at WFP
- 2. Builds on existing analysis** by the SSTC Global Taskforce and corporate risk mapping

# Monitoring & Evaluation

- 1. Based on the Results Framework**

## **Example:**

Annual monitoring of Policy Implementation



**Thank you!**