Pakistan Country Strategic Plan (CSP) 2023-2027

November 2022
Country Context

- Pakistan is the fifth most populous country; unsustainable population growth
- Lower middle-income country; graduation to upper middle income by 2025
- Economic downturn & declining ODA
- High vulnerability to climate change & increasing frequency/severity of extreme weather
- High levels of inequality, especially among women, youth, persons with disabilities & other groups
- COVID-19 & devastating floods have exacerbated challenges
CSP Evaluation

New CSP informed by evaluation’s key recommendations:

- Strengthened policy & capacity support to federal & provincial governments
- Embed activities within Government programmes & adapt to middle income country context
- Strengthen WFP's role as a development partner

In response, under the new CSP:

- Support to joint provincial workplans, capacity to design/implement school feeding & nutrition programmes & disaster management
- Integration of WFP interventions into government systems & support to social protection system
- Partnership Action Plan & mobilization of resources through government annual budget allocation process
- Support to national institutions & policy/capacity development
Vision for CSP (2023-2027)

Recognized partner of choice for the government in a limited number of key operational & policy areas.

Support achievement of SDGs driven by clear understanding of need for WFP expertise & where feasible, define WFP's exit strategy.

Exit from implementation of food and nutrition programmes; focus on providing government with technical guidance, enabling innovation & capacity support.
Highlights of CSP (2023-2027)

- CSP comprises four Strategic Outcomes linked to livelihoods, social protection, food systems & humanitarian response

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Livelihoods</th>
<th>Basic Social Services</th>
<th>Food System</th>
<th>Shock Response</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Communities in Pakistan at higher risk of vulnerability to climate change and other shocks are more resilient and have enhanced capacity to improve their livelihoods by 2027.</td>
<td>Pakistan's people at higher risk of vulnerability, especially women and children, have greater access to affordable, nutritious diets and basic social services (education, health and nutrition) by 2027.</td>
<td>Pakistan's food systems are resilient to shocks and support access to healthy and nutritious food by all of Pakistan's communities by 2027.</td>
<td>Communities in Pakistan at higher risk of vulnerability to climate change and other shocks have access to adequate food and nutrition before, during and in the aftermath of shocks.</td>
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- Fully aligned with Pakistan's Vision 2025 and the UNSDCF (2023-2027)
- Reflects WFP’s progressive shift away from traditional role as provider of food assistance.
- Underscores WFP’s commitment to capacity strengthening of federal/provincial governments