

WFP Accelerated Action Plan
UKaid
Saving Nutrition Assistance for Children, Pregnant & Lactating Women through the CMAM" in Umerkot, Sindh
Community Based Sensitization Sessions
Cooking Demonstration for Care Takers
of 6-24 months Children & PLWs
Implemented by: SHIFA FOUNDATION UMERKOT
Supported by: United Nations World Food Programme (UN-WFP)

WFP Accelerated Action Plan
FOUNDA
"Life Saving Nutrition Assistance for Children, Pregnant & Lactating Women through the CMAM" in Umerkot, Sindh
Community Based Sensitization
Session on Nutrition, Hygiene and
Referring to communities
and Child Caretakers
SHIFA FOUNDATION UMERKOT
United Nations World Food Programme (UN-WFP)



World Food Programme

SAVING LIVES
CHANGING LIVES

Pakistan Country Strategic Plan (CSP) 2023-2027

November 2022

Country Context

- Pakistan is the fifth most populous country; unsustainable population growth
- Lower middle-income country; graduation to upper middle income by 2025
- Economic downturn & declining ODA
- High vulnerability to climate change & increasing frequency/severity of extreme weather
- High levels of inequality, especially among women, youth, persons with disabilities & other groups
- COVID-19 & devastating floods have exacerbated challenges



CSP Evaluation

New CSP informed by evaluation's key recommendations:



Strengthened policy & capacity support to federal & provincial governments



Embed activities within Government programmes & adapt to middle income country context



Strengthen WFP's role as a development partner

In response, under the new CSP:



Support to joint provincial workplans, capacity to design/implement school feeding & nutrition programmes & disaster management



Integration of WFP interventions into government systems & support to social protection system



Partnership Action Plan & mobilization of resources through government annual budget allocation process



Support to national institutions & policy/capacity development



Vision for CSP (2023-2027)



Recognized partner of choice for the government in a limited number of key operational & policy areas.



Support achievement of SDGs driven by clear understanding of need for WFP expertise & where feasible, define WFP's exit strategy.



Exit from implementation of food and nutrition programmes; focus on providing government with technical guidance, enabling innovation & capacity support.



Highlights of CSP (2023-2027)

- CSP comprises four Strategic Outcomes linked to livelihoods, social protection, food systems & humanitarian response

Livelihoods	Basic Social Services	Food System	Shock Response
Communities in Pakistan at higher risk of vulnerability to climate change and other shocks are more resilient and have enhanced capacity to improve their livelihoods by 2027.	Pakistan's people at higher risk of vulnerability, especially women and children, have greater access to affordable, nutritious diets and basic social services (education, health and nutrition) by 2027.	Pakistan's food systems are resilient to shocks and support access to healthy and nutritious food by all of Pakistan's communities by 2027.	Communities in Pakistan at higher risk of vulnerability to climate change and other shocks have access to adequate food and nutrition before, during and in the aftermath of shocks.

- Fully aligned with Pakistan's Vision 2025 and the UNSDCF (2023-2027)
- Reflects WFP's progressive shift away from traditional role as provider of food assistance.
- Underscores WFP's commitment to capacity strengthening of federal/provincial governments

Partnerships

Federal & provincial governments



Private sector



UN System



17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS



CSOs



Academia



NGOs

