ending child hunger and undernutrition

Informal consultation to the WFP Executive Board

Rome, October 9 2006

Initiating partners:





- 1. a global initiative
- 2. a strategic framework
- 3. the cost of ending child hunger
- 4. partnerships and coordination

1. a global initiative to end child hunger within a generation

ECHUI is a global partnership to end child hunger and undernutrition within a generation.

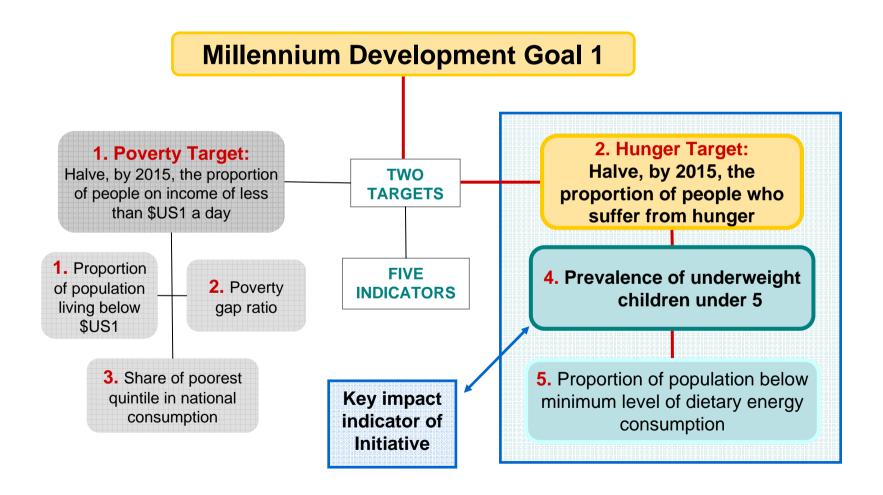
ECHUI will focus the world's attention, will and resources on what is required – when, where, from whom and how – and on responding to needs with urgency.

What is ECHUI's objective?

- to mobilise the political, financial, technical and other resources required...
- to strengthen national responses sufficiently...
- to impact dramatically on child hunger and undernutrition.

ECHUI focus:

MDG1 - hunger component



Why focus on child hunger?

- Hunger has a disproportionate impact on children
- Addressing child hunger is an investment in health and productivity of future generations.
- Major synergies with other MDGs
- Less reliant for results on increased GDP and agricultural production than overall hunger
- More subject to interventions focused on vulnerable children and their families

Hunger's disproportionate impact on children

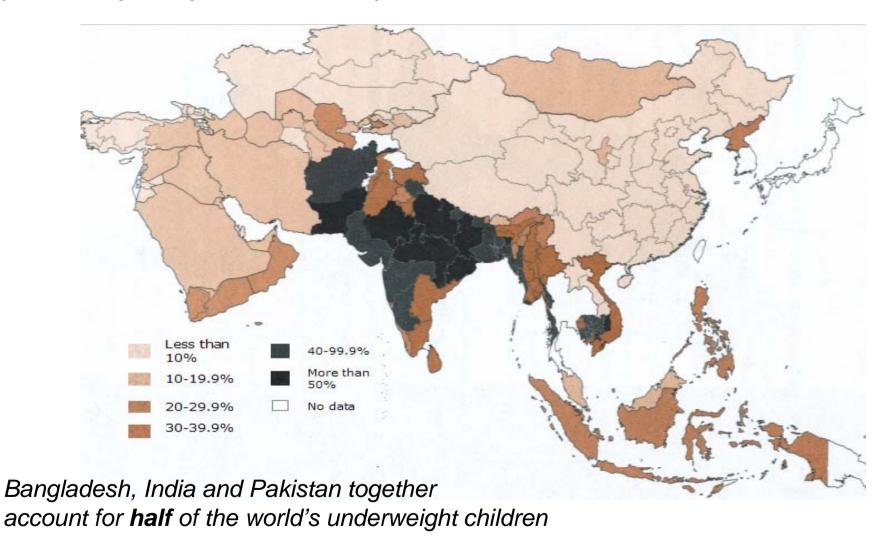
- roughly 400 million children under 18 suffer from undernutrition world-wide
- 146 million children under five are underweight world-wide
- over 5 million children under five die each year from undernutrition related causes
- maternal undernutrition during pregnancy and lactation impacts a child's lifelong capacity for physical growth, intellectual development, and economic productivity

"73% of the world's Latin America & Caribbean Eastern / Southern Africa (6%) (3%)underweight children live in just ten countries" Middle East, North Africa (11%) South Asia West / Central Africa (12%) (53%)East Asia / Pacific (15%)**Global distribution**

Global distribution of underweight children by region

Distribution of Underweight Children in Asia

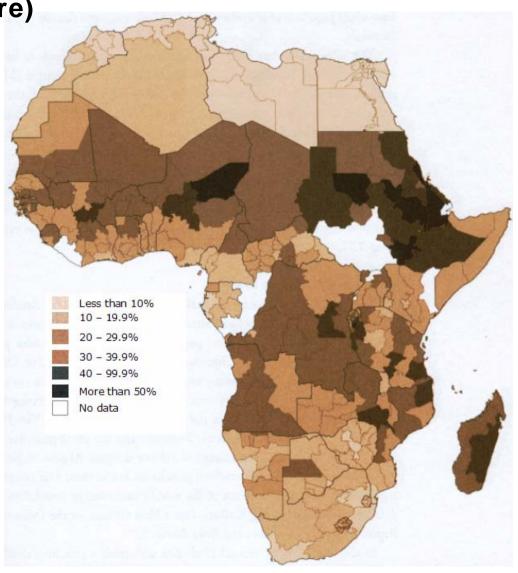
(Children per square kilometre)



Distribution of Underweight Children in Africa

(Children per square kilometre)

Half of the approximately
32 million
underweight children in Africa live in less than 10 percent of its sub-national administrative units.



Source: Millennium Project Hunger Task Force: Halving hunger: it can be done, 2005

Successful country experience

- Between 1960 and 2004, Chile cut its underweight rate from 37% to 2.4%
- Thailand reduced malnutrition rates from 36% to 13% in the 15 years to 1990,
- Brazil decreased its child undernutrition by 67% between 1970 and 2000;
- Malnutrition in India has declined by about 30% since 1960
- Between 1980 and 1990, Tanzania reduced reduce child malnutrition from 50% to 30%, (an improvement not since sustained)

2. a strategic framework for global action

- a global framework
- regional strategies
- country-level action plans

Strategic framework: the key elements

- three approaches
- four intended outcomes
- essential package of interventions

Three approaches

1. partnership

- strong alliance
- linkages, experience exchange

2. operations

- strengthen national capacities to scale up, deliver essential package
- leverage broad action globally

3. advocacy

- global campaign
- alignment with existing efforts

Four intended outcomes

- increased awareness and understanding of potential solutions
- 2. strengthened national policies and programmes
- 3. increased capacities for direct community action
- 4. increased efficiency and accountability of global efforts

Initiative interventions that work...

Complementary interventions

- · Policy & social mobilisation
- Ensure adequate diet
- HIV prevention
- · Disease Prevention & Control
- Water & Sanitation Systems
- Food Security
- Micronutrient Fortification (at the State & National Level)
- Primary & Secondary Education
- ARI & Diarrhoea
 Treatment
 (inc. promotion of Oral Rehydration Therapy)
- Immunization
- Birth spacing
- · Safe motherhood
- Other reproductive health interventions

general population

school age

pre school

0-2 years

pregnant & lactating mothers

Essential Package of interventions*

- * Implemented at the household, school and community level
- Health, Nutrition
 & Hygiene Education
 (inc. breastfeeding and growth promotion)
- Supplementary
 & therapeutic feeding
- Micronutrient
 Supplementation
 (inc. vitamin A, zinc, iron and prenatal vitamins)
- · Hygiene promotion
- Household water treatment
- Parasite control (esp. deworming)

The Essential Package

Health, hygiene and nutrition education plus...

- supplemental food interventions
- micronutrient supplementation
- household water treatment
- hand-washing with soap
- parasite control (esp. deworming)

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Related and complementary efforts

- International Alliance Against Hunger
- Integrated Management of Childhood Illness
- Partnership on Child Development
- FRESH Focusing Resources on Effective School Health
- Schistosomiasis Control Initiative
- Global Public-Private Partnership for Handwashing with Soap
- International Network to Promote Household Water Treatment and Safe Storage Network
- Global Alliance for Improved Nutrition (GAIN)
- Partnership for Maternal, Newborn & Child Health

3. The cost of ending child hunger and undernutrition

Key numbers* for child hunger

- 850m undernourished people worldwide
- 400m undernourished children < 18
- 146m underweight children < 5
- 100m families-in-need

^{*} Approximations and estimates, sources: FAO, WFP, WHO/UNICEF, WFP/UNICEF

Cost of doing nothing

- US\$20-30 billion current annual global cost of child hunger and undernutrition
- 2 to 3 percent of GDP lost annually to malnutrition in high prevalence countries
- US\$500 billion to \$1 trillion in lost productivity and income over the lifetime of today's undernourished children

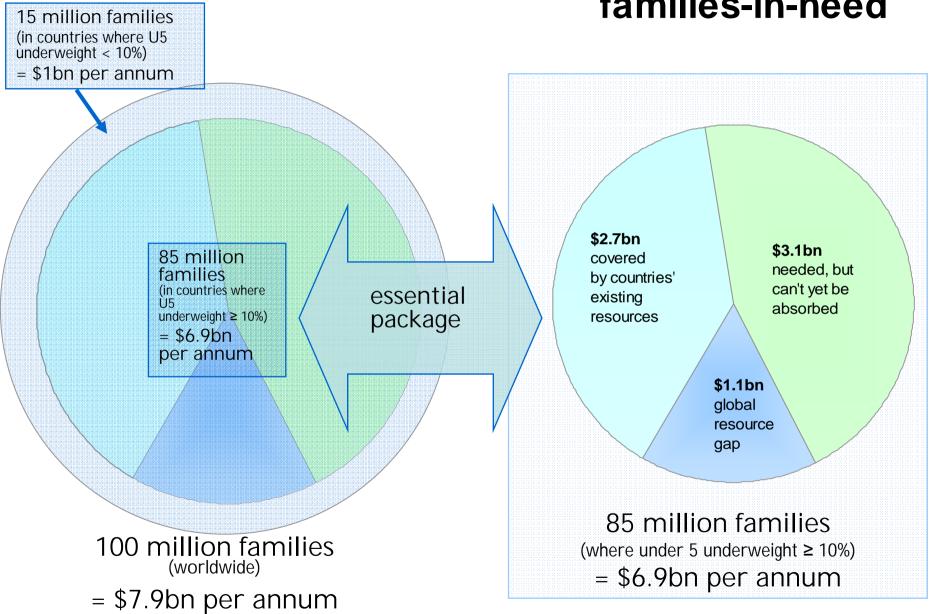
First approximation of global incremental direct costs

US\$79 per household

 Average cost for an essential package of 5 commodity-linked interventions in an envelope of health, hygiene and nutrition education

Intervention	(US\$)
Health, nutrition & hygiene education	6
2. Supplemental food (average)	50
Micronutrient supplementation	11
4. Household water treatment	4
5. Hand-washing with soap	6
6. Deworming	2
Household Total	\$ 79

Costing the essential package: targeting 85m families-in-need



Donor and technical resource requirements

Resources will be needed to assist:

- meet near-term global resource gap of approx. \$1 billion, ramping up to approx. \$2 billion by 2012.
- optimize existing programme capacities,
- support social mobilization efforts,
- strengthen the community and supporting infrastructure required to deliver essential interventions

Next steps:

- Refine the global costing model
 - Phasing in of costs
 - Technical and management capacities needing to be built
 - Changes over time
- Country-specific costing
- Resource tracking

4. Partnerships and coordination

Harmonisation at the global, End Child national, district Hunger and community ensure the sustainable supply levels of affordable health and nutrition Global commodities and the delivery of increased financial resources integrate child health and nutrition National needs into national policies, plans and budgets Community/ strengthen district and community health District and nutrition systems; ensure access to water and sanitation Local/ empower families to improve their health, Family feeding and childcare practices

Harmonisation with UN efforts addressing child hunger and undernutrition

- Millennium Declaration, MDGs
- Millennium Project and Campaign
- UNDAF process and UN Reform
- UN Country Programme,
 Resident Coordinator System, and
 Food and Nutrition Themes Teams
- UN Standing Committee on Nutrition (SCN)
- Agency medium-term strategic plans

Upcoming milestones

2006 October Consultations with various stakeholder groups and representatives

November Review and guidance from WFP Executive Board

2007 January Review and guidance from UNICEF Executive Board

Maternal and Child Undernutrition series published in *The Lancet*

February Convening of Partners Group and formal adoption of

Global Framework for Action

Publication of UNICEF and WFP programme and policy resources

on addressing maternal and child undernourishment

March Technical launch of initiative at 34th Annual Session of the

UN Standing Committee on Nutrition, held in Rome

March-June Rollout of global campaign