



Ethiopia CSP (January 2026 – December 2030) for approval at the Second Regular Session of the Executive Board

SAVING LIVES **CHANGING** LIVES

Evaluation & Learning: Use of CSPE evidence in CSP design

Management Response to the evaluation of the Ethiopia CSP (2020 - 2025)

Rec 1. Scenario-based planning and risk management

Agreed

Key actions

- Adopt a scenario-based planning approach for the new CSP
- Develop a risk register and self-assessed risk control

Rec 2. Continue the shift from 'saving lives' to 'changing lives' agenda

Agreed

Key actions

- Review resource forecasting per latest trends
- Focus on comparative advantages and strengthen monitoring and reporting

Deliver prioritized and integrated programmes

Rec 3. Principled responses to humanitarian needs

Agreed

Key actions

- Diversify donor base
- Conduct sensitization on humanitarian principles to all stakeholders
- Provide capacity strengthening and guidance to 'do no harm' and 'leave no one behind'

Rec 4. Demonstrate results in resilience and 'graduation' in cross-cutting areas

Agreed

Key actions

- Diversify and integrate evidence generation systems
- Update reporting templates for high-quality programme results reports

Commission decentralized evaluations

Rec 5. Accelerate shift from in-kind to cash-based assistance

Agreed

Key actions

- Conduct cash feasibility assessments and costefficiency analyses
- Map CBT donors and finalize FSP selection process
- Develop an operational plan aligned with programme prioritization

Rec 6. Promote stability at senior management level

Agreed

Key actions

- ✓Proactive and speedy actions to preposition senior management staff
- Conduct and implement Organizational Alignment recommendations
- Develop and implement staff wellness strategy

CSP Outputs 1 & 4

CSP cross-cutting priorities

CSP Outputs 1, 2, & 3

CSP cross-cutting priorities



WFP Ethiopia CSP (2026-2030) – Key Strategic Shifts

CSP (2020-2025)



CSP (2026-2030)

REACTIVE RESPONSES

 focused on Disaster Response



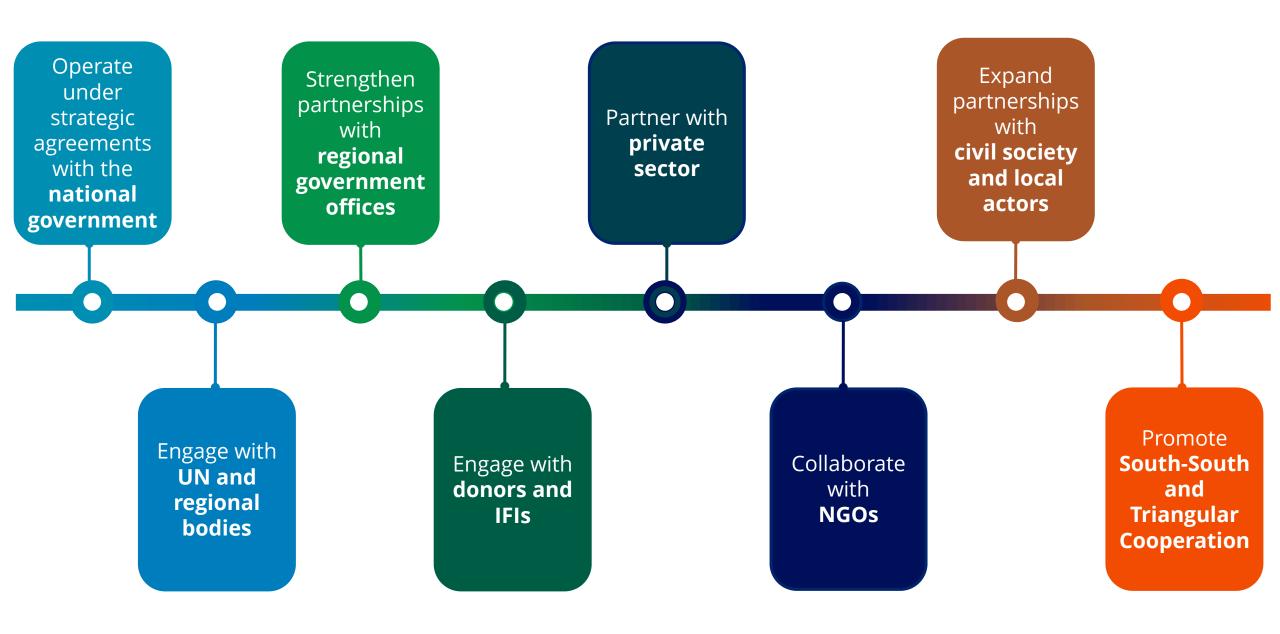
 focused on expanded Disaster Risk Management

Elements

- * Integrated crisis response
- * Rapid response to sudden onset
- * Humanitarian-Dev.-Peace Nexus
- * Anticipatory Action
- * Evidence generation &
- * Outcome-based monitoring
- Scenario-based and risk informed planning to facilitate greater flexibility and adaptive responses in conflict and post conflict areas in line with HDP nexus shifts and transitions.
- **Tailored programme toolkit** contributing to addressing the impact of shocks effectively including climate and economic shocks.
- Integrating disaster risk management approaches to build resilience and sustainable response capacities to achieve national development priorities
- Layering interventions across strategic outcomes to deliver a cohesive and integrated response.
- Implementing a people-centred strategy through strengthened accountability to affected people.



Partnerships



Ethiopia CSP (2026 -2030)

OUTCOME 1	OUTCOME 2	OUTCOME 3	OUTCOME 4	OUTCOME 5
Access to food	Sustainable food systems		Capacity strengthening	Enhance global partnerships
Crisis Response	Resilience Building			Crisis Response
 Life-saving food & nutrition assistance to crisis-affected people, including refugees 	 Nutrition prevention Home-grown school feeding 	• Livelihood support	 National emergency preparedness and social protection systems strengthening 	On-demand servicesUNHASLogistics Cluster
Food +CBT (with the trans	sition to resilience-building acros	ss outcomes 1 and 3) 🗪		
← Enhanced focus from	treatment to prevention →			
← Schoo	Feeding →			
← Integrated resilience, livelihoods, and food systems strengthening →				
← Capacity Strengthening → (aligning with national/county systems)				
		← Supply Chain Strategy →		
← Cross-cutting: Evidence, Nutrition Integration, AAP, PSEA, CFM, Accountability for Results, Innovation/digitalization, CBT/IDM, risk management, →				

