

Private Partnerships and Fundraising (PPF) Division

*Private Sector Partnerships & Fundraising Strategy 2020-2025* High impact partnerships that are fit for the field and fit for WFP programmes

Executive Board Informal Session 8 July 2021

### AGENDA

•	INTRODUCTION Welcome and purpose of the meeting	Amir Abdulla
	Background and objectives	Tim Hunter
	How to interact throughout the sessions	Philip Ward
<b>(</b>	SESSION ONE: Fit for WFP programmes Developing impactful needs-based partnerships on a global scale	Alex Marianelli Shelley Seed
	Break	All
€	SESSION TWO: Fit for the field Showcasing field level partnership development	Virginia Villar Arribas Miguel Barreto
	Break	All
€	SESSION THREE: Measuring Impact Invitation to join the impact assessment framework journey	Alan Brown EY team
<b>(</b>	WRAP UP Final discussion and closing remarks	Tim Hunter

### INTRODUCTION

### **Getting Started** Background and objectives of the sessions





### INTERACTIVE ENGAGEMENT

Throughout the sessions



- Feel free to use the chat to engage in the discussion or raise your hand
- The sessions will be recorded only for internal use, they will not be shared externally



#### ✤ Go to: <u>www.menti.com</u>

- Insert the following code: 9705 0840
- Be ready to answer questions and give your opinion via mobile phone

### **Mentimeter question**

In one word, what do you expect from this session today?

• WORD CLOUD

## SESSION ONE

**Fit for WFP programmes** Developing impactful needs-based partnerships on a global scale



### **Technical unit engagement**

Understanding: Laddering up



### **HIGHEST PRIORITIES**

Representing the most strategic opportunities for engagement with the private sector

### DEPARTMENT LEVEL

Laddering up the top priorities at the department level

### **DIVISION LEVEL**

Assessed needs become priorities and used to build a divisional view

### **TECHNICAL UNIT LEVEL**

Prioritised needs identified and escalated to build division level view



**Mentimeter question** 

# In which areas do you think that WFP can benefit the most from private sector partnerships? (Word Cloud)

### **Prioritising** WFP Supply Chain needs





### Addressing priority needs

Four different approaches





#### **Moving forward** Next steps



**Prioritisation:** work with other divisional leadership to identify prioritised needs to be met through private sector partnerships and focus efforts

Cross divisional themes: explore further divisional needs which are beginning to emerge

**Regional Bureaux/Country Offices:** link with, compliment and support the work of the RBx

**Business Development:** ensure programme needs inform the outreach to partners and the development of unit level partnerships

**Connecting platform:** through wfp.org and/or other online platforms, develop a connecting platform which makes it easier for the private sector to understand how they can support WFP beyond financial means

Guidance: Continue to develop guidance on partnership building and impact beyond the dollar value

Alignment: Towards year end, align value propositions to the new change pathways in the Strategic Plan







### BREAK & STRETCH

5-minute break Please stay connected to Zoom

### SESSION TWO

### **Fit for the field** Showcasing field level partnership development



### Field engagement through regional bureaux

Mission and vision





### **Mentimeter question**

What should be the main priorities in 2021-2022 when engaging with the field in the area of private sector? *(Multiple options)* 

- Mapping of private sector opportunities
- Prospecting
- Prioritisation of Country Offices
- Capacity building (country office and Regional Bureau staff)
- Raise awareness of existing private sector engagement in the field
- Needs- based support, specific per Regional Bureau
- Effective use of existing resources
- Other: (please add)

### **Key focus areas**

Identifying priorities aligned with emerged regional/ field needs

#### **TAILORED SUPPORT**

Providing the most appropriate support to achieve each RB's specific objectives:

- Identifying regional needs, based on potential, appetite and capacity
- Supporting practitioners in strategy/ workplan development to drive the identification and prioritisation of opportunities

#### COMMUNICATION

Helping raise the visibility of RB/CO work:

- Internally: ensuring awareness of local private sector engagement, across WFP and towards Executive Board
- **Externally**: securing a regular stream of quality content aligned with WFP's guidelines for individual giving purposes, partnership pitching and to raise partners' profile around key dates/fora



#### COMMUNITY OF FIELD PS PRACTITIONERS

Ensuring effective and structured HQ-RBx-COs coordination and expanding leadership's involvement to reach increased potential:

- Leveraging the value of PPF Community of Practitioners to facilitate best practices and experiences sharing
- Ensuring leadership's engagement for Private Sector Strategy and field engagement targets



### **Investing in capacity**

**Quick overview** 

Regional Bureaux for East Africa, West Africa, South Africa, the Middle East and North Africa

- Early stages of business development and country prioritisation
- Exploring **local** private sector engagement
- Raising awareness of potential and opportunities among COs and UNCT
- Community of practitioners - building capacity and expanding network

### **RBD In-Focus**

#### SAO TOME AND PRINCIPE CO

Key new partner, Chellaram, guided to operation where added value was vital: covers 95% needs in school feeding and allowed this government priority programme to continue during COVID

## **RBC In-Focus**

Early mapping and connections with the private sector allowed the CO to be ready to quickly respond to the COVID emergency together with six private sector entities

### RBN

#### INNOVATION

RBN team working closely with the Regional Innovation Hub to leverage from innovation and nurture relationships with innovative partners



### In TANZANIA, 65 percent of people work in agriculture.



Link to video to be played <u>https://youtu.be/ZaSqBdIC8h4</u>





### TBL PARTNERSHIP

- Yields up 66%
- Incomes up 83%
- Model for other Country Office engagements

### Local engagement, integration and growth

Regional bureaux for Latin America and the Caribbean, and for Asia and the Pacific



- Tailored business development and systematic private sector outreach based on specific mapping, country context and past results
- Customised materials and support for COs
- Fostered and consolidated local private sector engagement
- Deeper level of partnerships: joint advocacy and influencing national
  agenda and programmes
- Pioneer RBx in testing **pilots with** scalable solutions
- Closer integration with thematic units, individual giving programs and Friends organisations



### **RBP In Focus** PERU CO

Effective consultation process with the private sector, leading to outreach support and joint advocacy. Platform with government and private sector to influence good nutrition behaviour

### **RBB In Focus** INDIA CO

Global partnership expanded to local, adapted to the context needs, and now supports WFP's work with the government bringing essential tech expertise



### In HONDURAS, partnerships paved the way for a national school feeding programme

### WFP Honduras school feeding programme

Pioneer of private sector partnerships in Latin America and the Caribbean



*Use the chat to put your questions and comments* 

### WFP Latin America and the Caribbean (LAC)

The context of private sector partnerships today



### **OPERATIONS ADAPTED TO CONTEXT**

Developing government capacity Supporting public policy (nutrition, social protection) Generating evidence

### HISTORY OF LOCAL-LOCAL PARTNERSHIPS

Tested and proven models and best practices Engaging private sector through CSPs Regional fundraising approaches RB and CO capacity over the long-term

### **PRIVATE SECTOR MATURITY**

Home grown Multi-Latinas and multi-national companies, often US-based Growing purchasing power, business-to-consumer dialogue and concern for social causes; increased digitalization Growing need to rethink the role of the private sector in advancing SDG 2



### **Progress of the 2020-2023 LAC Private Sector Strategy**

Despite being hardest hit by COVID-19, in 2020/2021 RBP capitalized on trends such as digitalization and increased sense of solidarity with a **growth from USD 9.9 million (2019) to USD 11.7 million (2020) resourced from the private sector.** This trend is expected to continue in 2021.



### Vision for partnering with the private sector

Areas for action











### BREAK & STRETCH

5-minute break Please stey connected to Zoom



### **SESSION THREE**

### **Measuring Impact**

Invitation to join the impact assessment framework journey



### **Overview of the project**

Needs and objectives of the Impact Assessment Framework (IAF)



### **Progress to date** Key stages of the project

Scope and Review	Development	Pilot and Refine	Roll-out and implementation	Review	
To scope the size of the project, agree parameters with WFP Advisory Group and gather internal and external insights	To develop each of the IAF elements, ensure close collaboration with WFP Advisory Group and define methodology's approach	To verify effectiveness, scalability, ease of use, test the IAF and draw lessons learned/ recommendations	To undergo refinement of each of the framework's elements and commence global roll- out	To test and review, to ensure incorporation in annual reporting and planning processes as well as adoption	
<b>STAGE ONE</b>	STAGE TWO	<b>5</b> STAGE THREE	STAGE FOUR	Q STAGE FIVE	
<b>ONGOING</b> : working groups and testing					

### **Outline of the Impact Assessment Framework**

Four key elements

examples

tools

audiences - provided for each of the

scopes, using different methodologies and



### **METHODOLOGY**

Proving details on how to build tailored impact assessment methodology, outlining each of the different scopes/ purposes/ uses

### **TOOLS AND PROCESSES**

Detailing on each tool required to implement the methodology and providing guidance on its use in relation to the different scopes



### **Scoping and review**

Identification of expectations, challenges and key principles



A pioneering project and innovative approach characterized by holistic understanding of impacts and integration within existing systems



### **Mentimeter question:**

# What are, in your opinion, the aspects we should be measuring ? (Multiple options – voting top 3)

- Private sector partnerships' contribution towards SDGs and global priorities
- Private sector partnerships' contribution towards national development priorities
- Private sector partnerships' contribution towards WFP operations and programmes
- Cost and time efficiencies savings
- Quality gains
- Scale and replicability
- Visibility
- Ability to leverage additional resources and funds
- Capacity strengthening
- Beneficiaries supported

### Use of the Framework at three phases of a partnership

Ensuring that the right questions are asked for decision making and measure impact



#### Phase 1 Early prospecting

Starting point for new partnerships and renewal

#### Phase 2 Implementation and follow-up

Starting point for existing partnerships

Phase 3

#### Review

Review before potential renewal of partnerships and redefining indicators under stage 1







## WRAP UP

Final discussion and closing remarks









Thank you