

School Feeding Education, feeding, health and development

The goal of the school feeding program

The school feeding program in Egypt is designed to improve nutrition indicators for the students of public schools between the age 4 to 12 of age, through the distribution of integrated school meals which contribute to improve the absorption capacity and reduce school dropout.

The multiple benefits of the national school feeding program

Access to Education

- •increase concentration and improve cognitive abilities
- •Increase opportunities for female education
- Decrease school dropout

Quality of life

•Improve labor market and compact Illiteracy

National Social Protection System

•Protect food security for vulnerable people is important to help them in contributing to the country's future

Health status

 Strengthen meals micronutrients and getting rid of intestinal worms

The school feeding program pillars

- Distribution of school meals for a total of 10 million children in public schools and community schools (age between 4-12 years) covering 100% of school days in upper Egypt and 70% of school days in Delta lower Egypt.
- Improve the governance of school feeding system including distribution of meals and school attendance mechanisms.
- Enhancing the capacities of social workers in schools and civil societies in order to disseminate community awareness for the importance of education among children and their families.
- The launch of a national campaign to mobilize resources for the establishment of a national fund for school feeding and ensure its sustainability.

Tasks of the National Committee of School Feeding

- coordinating program policies and linking social protection targeting the poor in cooperation with other competent authorities, and design the necessary legal frameworks.
- Reviewing the design of the program and the adoption of action plans and budgets.
- Determining of control of mechanized to ensure transparency and fairness of the application.
- Facilitating the exchange of data beneficiaries and coordination between the partners involved.
- Feeding back the system to measure the effectiveness and efficiency of the programme.
- Delivering of media campaigns aimed to change nutritional behavior of families toward their children to improve the health and nutrition indicators and to create a supportive environment for the application of the national program.

Members of the NCSF

- Ministry of Social Solidarity
- Ministry of Education
- Ministry of Health and Population
- Ministry of Agriculture and land reclamation
- Ministry of Supply and Internal Trading
- Ministry of Finance
- Ministry of Local Development
- Ministry of Industry and Foreign Trade
- National Nutrition Institute
- Representative of Al-Azhari of Education
- Scientific Advisory Committee on Nutrition, childhood and education
- The Supreme Council of Radio and Television

School feeding in poorer areas

Upper Egypt	130 days	4 to 12 years	3,758,064 students
Lower Egypt	80 days	4 to 12 years	5,873,992 students
Special category	130 days 170 days 200 days 200 days	Community schools Internal schools Sports Special needs	114,939 1,775 8,932 37,654
Total			9,795,356

Recourse Mobilization

- The Egyptian Ministry of Finance had allocated the amount of 1,150,000,000 L.E. for the school feeding programme.
- WFP contribution reached the amount of 101,359,224 L.E.
- Deficit amount -192,087,330.30 L.E.

Communications to bridge gap

- EU
- Private sector campaign under the title of "Contributed to education and nutrition for children"
- Special trust fund "national fund for school feeding" in cooperation with the "Tahia Masr Fund"
- Zakat from social communities

Thank you for your attention

