



West Africa Ebola Outbreak

2014 Fourth Quarterly Operational Briefing

Presentation to the WFP Executive Board

FAO Green Room - 20 October 2014

Humanitarian Situation

- The Ebola outbreak in West Africa continues to spread exponentially. As of 17 October, WHO reported a total of 9,216 cases and 4,546 deaths in Guinea, Liberia and Sierra Leone. The outbreaks in Nigeria and Senegal have been largely brought under control. Cases have now been confirmed in the U.S. (3) and Spain (1).
- WHO estimates that the number of cases is doubling every three weeks and that
 the virus could infect 20,000 people by November. US-CDC warned that the
 number of cases could reach up to 1.4 million by January 2015 if an adequate
 response was not implemented.
- According to the World Bank, the outbreak could cause economic growth to shrink in Guinea by 46 percent, in Liberia by 57 percent and Sierra Leone by 30 percent.
- Data collection on the impact of the Ebola outbreak on food security is ongoing.
 Preliminary results point to an impact of the Ebola outbreak on the overall food security situation.
- Humanitarian responders are working with a moving target the virus is growing faster than the international community and it's response.

Security Situation

 Frustration over perceived mishandling of the medical response, mistrust against health workers mixed with local superstitions have triggered scenes of civil unrest in Guinea, Liberia and Sierra Leone. In particular health workers are exposed to the threat of direct attacks

 On 16 September, eight bodies, including health workers and journalists, were found after an attack on a team trying to educate the population on the risks of the Ebola virus in a remote area of southeastern Guinea.

- On 20 September a team of health workers trying to bury Ebola victims came under attack near Freetown, and on 23 September INGO workers in Guinea were attacked as they transferred a body for burial.
- On 26 September in Liberia, a burial team was attacked and had their vehicle tires slashed in Nimba county. Two days later in the south of the country a team of nine health workers was attacked by an angry crowd of over 100 people and were forced to flee overnight through the forest.
- Public information and sensitization campaigns have been launched. It is still unclear to what degree these campaigns have been effective in reducing misperception.

Humanitarian responders will continue to face security risks due to hostilities.



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- Intermediate Town Small Town

First priority affected areas

Field Office planned

---- UNHAS Route Road Supply Route

--- Sea Supply Route

First level admin boundary

Surface Waterbody

River

The boundaries and names and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Framework of Interventions

EMOP (Regional) 200761 – Support to Populations in Areas Affected by the Ebola Outbreak in Guinea, Liberia and Sierra Leone (25 August 2014 – 24 April 2015).

SO (Regional) 200773 – Logistics Common Services for the Humanitarian Community's Response to the Ebola Virus Disease Outbreak in West Africa (15 October 2014 – 28 February 2015).

Under the Emergency Operation

- Food distributions in areas of widespread and intense transmission to reduce the spread of Ebola and meet household food and nutrition needs;
- Hot meals for patients in Ebola Treatment Centres;
- Take-home rations for Ebola survivors discharged from treatment centres;
- Food security assessments and remote tracking of food security indicators.
- → as a tool to support the health response.

Under the Special Operation

- Reliable air transport of humanitarian passengers and cargo;
- Provision of urgently needed equipment and facilities;
- Storage, management and transport of vital supplies;
- Emergency telecommunications necessary to coordinate the response;
- Staffing to coordinate and provide common services.
- → under the United Nations umbrella and to provide essential support to UNMEER efforts in stopping the spread of Ebola

Operational Priorities

- Dispatch of food to rural areas and most affected zones to respond immediately to the needs of patients, survivors and communities, and to be ready to adapt to a changing environment;
- Procurement of equipment and set-up of 30 Ebola
 Treatment Centres and Ebola Care Units,
 accommodating up to 3,000 patients;
- Establishing bases at airports in capitals of the three affected countries;
- Establishment of 12 Forwarding Logistics Bases across Guinea, Liberia and Sierra Leone to prioritize, consolidate and dispatch the equipment to where it is most urgently required;
- Augmentation of the transport capacity in affected countries;
- Mobilization and deployment of staff.

Scale up under the EMOP

Total Beneficiaries Assisted



438,000 people assisted so far

Communities in areas of widespread and intense transmission, Ebola patients and survivors.

Rapid Response teams

New partnerships

- 3 in Guinea
- 8 in Liberia
- 7 in Sierra Leone

Opening of new sub-offices

- 1 in Guinea
- 2 in Sierra Leone

Total tonnage dispatched 7000 6000 5000 4000 2000 1-14 Sept 15-28 Sept 29-12 Oct

Scale-up under the EMOP

Food security analysis

- WFP/FAO Rapid Food security assessments completed or ongoing in the three countries to assess the impact of Ebola on food security.
- Remote tracking of food security indicators to identify food security hotspots and monitor trends
 - First round of mobile VAM completed in Sierra Leone and ongoing in Guinea and Liberia (via SMS or interactive voice response)
 - Results from Sierra Leone suggest an overlap between food security and the incidence of Ebola. Kailahun and Kenema epicentre districts are worse off in terms of food security. These eastern districts had been among the most food secure in the country at the time of the last comprehensive survey (2010).
- Regular market analysis and price monitoring
- WFP/FAO Crop and Food Security Assessment missions covering food availability and trade flow prospects in each affected country within regional dynamics.

Scale-up under the EMOP

Lessons learned

Adapting our response as we move forward in a unprecedented and unique operating environment

- Ebola-specific distribution guidelines;
- Distributions modalities in dense urban settings;
- Rapid response teams;
- Mobile and large-scale response to the three-day House-to-House sensitization campaign in Sierra Leone;
- Check lists of preparedness for non-affected countries.



OGISTICS

Scale Up under the SO: Main Logistics Hubs and FLBs



OGISTICS

Scale-up under the SO Common Services

Construction of ETUs

Two sites under construction in Monrovia (400 beds); one site being assessed in Guinea (100 beds)

Transport capacity

Trucks and transporters contracted, helipads set up at FLBs.

UNHAS

819 passengers and 9.7 mt of cargo transported so far with 2 planes and one helicopter

Emergency Telecommunications

Set up at ETUs, for humanitarian partners and for patients at ETU to communicate with their families

Transport and storage

6,227 m3 transported and 1,845 m3 stored so far on behalf of partners

UNHRD

US\$2.7 million worth of supplies dispatched so far to affected countries

More than 100 additional staff for the Special Operation mobilized and currently being deployed to the region

Challenges

- Fear on part of community and of responders;
- Volatile security situation;
- Unique operating environment;
- Limited number of cooperating partners for the EMOP and high demands on those presently on the ground;
- Access constraints (heavy rains, bad road conditions...);
- Lack of transport capacity;
- Coordination and information-sharing with the various actors and hubs.

The Way Forward

- Operationalizing hubs and Forward Logistics Bases;
- Expanding Common Services for partners;
- Exploring Cash and Voucher interventions;
- Expanding mVAM tools to conduct monitoring;
- Integrating food security pillar alongside support to medical response, based on results of mVAM and food security assessments.

Operational Requirements

PROJECT	BUDGET (USD)	PLANNED BENEFICIARIES	RECEIVED (USD)	CURRENT SHORTFALLS (USD)
EMOP 200761 (25.08.2014 - 24.02.2015)	92,666,030	1.36 million	48,188,296	44,477,737
SO 200773* (15,10,2014 - 28.02.2015)	87,000,000		10,955,032	76,044,968

^{*}The consolidated Special Operation (SO 200773) supersedes both previous SOs and regroups all common services.

ESOURCING

Resource Mobilization

2014 Donors: EMOP

DONOR	AMOUNT (USD million)
Multilateral	1.5
USA	12.4
Guinea	7.1
China	6
Sierra Leone	6
UN CERF	5.6
Liberia	5.6
Switzerland	2.1
Japan	1.7
Private Donors	0.1
TOTAL	48.1 million

Net Funding
Requirements
(October 2014 –
March 2015)

US\$37.6 Million

2014
Gross Needs Funded

64.8%

ESOURCING

Resource Mobilization

2014 Donors: SO 200773, SO 200760, SO200767

DONOR	AMOUNT (USD million)
Japan	5,000,000
UN CERF	3,818,133
Sierra Leone, The Republic Of	3,500,000
Denmark	1,767,097
European Commission	1,270,648
Switzerland	1,052,632
Norway	861,178
Switzerland	338,413
USA	250,000
Luxembourg	131,752
TOTAL	17.9 million

Current
Shortfall
US\$76 Million

2014 Gross Needs Funded 26.2%

Risks and mitigation Measures

RISKS	MITIGATION MEASURES
Risk of contamination of WFP staff and lack of existing health infrastructure	 Rehabilitation of UN Clinics in the affected countries Securing of "safe spaces" with supplies to isolate staff should there be a need Health Protocols in place and Health Advisor in each country
Limited number of experienced Cooperating Partners ready to engage in WFP food distributions and work in Ebola affected areas and directly with Ebola patients	 Ebola-specific distributions guidelines developed with WHO and health partners Identification and training of partners Set up of mobile response teams Adapting distributions to dense urban areas
Overland border closures and suspension of commercial flights into Ebola-affected countries	 Set up of UNHAS flights between affected countries and regional hubs Contracting of a time-chartered vessels for food and non-food items deliveries to the affected countries Using internal advance financing mechanisms to procure food early and maximize availability of corridors

FUNDING October 2014 16

Regional EMOP \$ Requirements 200761 25 August 2014 to 24 February 2015



Regional SO

200773



CARGO TRANSPORTED

LOGISTICS COORDINATION

over 6,227m3



REACHED BENEFICIARIES

PLANNED BENEFICIARIES

(For Regional EMOP 200761)

(since April until 12 October) Under IR-EMOP and Regional EMOP

1,358,983

GUINEA

113,734

SIERRA LEONE

294,714

LIBERIA

127,491



TOTAL AFFECTED (as of 15 October)

8,997 CASES

UNHRD (since March 2014)

Source: UNHRD, 14 October 2014

CARGO DISPATCHED 525 MT

VALUE OF GOODS DISPATCHED

USD 4.4 million

PARTNERS SERVED WHO, WFP, JICA Irish Aid, UNHCR

CONSIGNMENTS

Received WITH STORAGE 25 UNITS ■ 48.1 million ■ 10.9 million PROVIDED **PARTNERS** ■ 92.6 million ■ 87 million Bamako •Ziguinchor SENEGAL Bafata Gabu BISSAUGUINEA-BISSAU MALI Dinguirayo* GUINEA Kankan Mamou Kindia Faranah Conakry SIERRA LEONE Kissidougou Guinea Cases: 1,427 / New Cases*: 397 Deaths: 843 / % Tot Deaths/Cases*: 27 Freetown o Nžerekore Sierra Leone CÔTE D'IVOIRE Cases: 3,252 / New Cases*: 1,330 Deaths: 1,183 / % Tot Deaths/Cases*: 41 Gbarnga LIBERIA Tubmanburg Daloa Kakata Monrovia Harbel •Zwedru Gagnoa Bachanan Liberia Cases: 4,249 / New Cases*: 1,089 Deaths: 2.458 / % Tot Deaths/Cases*: 26 Greenville San-Pedro *in last 21 days Affected Area



















151 - 250 Cases Over 250 Cases





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